Decatur Weekly Republican.

VOL. XXV. DECATUR, ILLINOIS, THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 17, 1891. NO. 7

WEEKLY REPUBLICAN.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY BY
HAMSHER & CALHOUN,
B. K. HAMSHER. | W. F. CALHOUN.
Office—125 South Water Street, opposite the court house.

TERMS:
Per Annum, in Advance..... $1.00
If not paid in Advance..... 1.50

LOCAL NEWS.

A GUN club has been organized at Oreana.

SPLENDID dinners and lunches at all hours at Combs' restaurant.

THIS fall Mrs. N. S. Batchelder will erect a $3,000 residence near Warrensburg.

FARMERS in Long Creek township are still forced to haul water for family use and for stock.

THE Camp Fire arranged to be held by Mt. Zion post on the 23d has been indefinitely postponed.

THE state convention of Young Men's Christian Associations will be held in Jacksonville, October 14, 15, 16 and 17.

THE Decatur Holiness people will hold a meeting at Sangamon on Saturday night, all day Sunday and Sunday night. Everybody invited to attend.

NEXT Sunday, September 20, Macon township will hold a Sunday school convention at the Bethel church, three miles from Macon. Judge Nelson will speak.

THE body of the late Asa Kincaid was taken Tuesday evening to North Fork cemetery in Long Creek township for interment. Rev. N. M. Baker officiated at the funeral.

THE standard pianos all the time are the Haines Upright, the Everett and the Sterling instruments, on sale in Decatur only at C. E. Prescott's music parlor on North Water street.

A GRAND ARMY post was mustered at Pana last night by E. T. Lee, chief mustering officer. The new post starts out with 70 charter members. There are now two G. A. R. posts in Pana.

D. H. OLIVER, charged with the embezzlement of $40 belonging to Geo. P. Blume, and sent to jail in default of $100 bail, was released from custody yesterday on furnishing security for his appearance.

You cannot be too particular about the medicines you use. When you need a blood purifier, be sure you get Ayer's Sarsaparilla, and no other. It will mingle with, purify, and vitalize every drop of blood in your body. It makes the weak strong.

THERE are 654 acres in Jackson Park, Chicago, and there all of the World's Fair buildings except the Art Building, will be erected. The Art Building will go up on the lake front. Jackson Park has a lake frontage of 1 ⅞ miles in length, and the grounds are ⅝ of a mile wide. Seven of the great buildings are now under way. The foundation of four are laid, and the Woman's Building is further along than any of the others.

TWO HUNDRED DOLLARS in prizes are offered by the Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind., for the best design used in advertising Dr. Miles' Nervine and New Heart Cure. The contest is open to all. "Rules and Points" will be mailed to any one free who writes for same to the above firm. Here is an opportunity for some Decatur genius to capture $200 in cash. It is going to be a hard winter and $200 will come handy, like the jelly and preserves that are put up by the provident house-wife.

THE Old Settlers' reunion of Logan and DeWitt counties is in progress today at Mt. Pulaski. This is the twentieth meeting of the association, and the preparations are completed for the grandest occasion of its kind ever held in the state. Judge Tipton and Hon. Lawrence Weldon, of Bloomington, are on the program as speakers, as is also Hon. Edward S. Wilson, state treasurer of Illinois. The other exercises of the day will be usual pastimes of such occasions, including all kinds of sport and a grand noon time feast from well-stored baskets. Numerous souvenirs and badges have been prepared for the older settlers present.

BIRTHS.

Born—To Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Bullock, 921 East Eldorado street, September 12, a daughter.

Born—To Mr. and Mrs. Withgott, at their home on North Union street, just north of the city, on Friday, September 11, a son.

Born—To Mr. and Mrs. M. Lowry, on North Broadway, on Saturday, September 12, a son.

Born—To Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Baxter, on East Condit street, on Saturday, September 12, a daughter.

Born—To Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Tuttle, on South Colfax street, on Saturday, September 12, a daughter.

Born—To Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Marseilles, of 820 East North street, on Saturday, September 12, a son.

THE CAMP MEETING.

A Meeting This Morning on Health and Temperance—Resolutions.

From Monday's Daily.

A session of the Conference was held this morning. The following resolutions, among others, were passed:

Resolved, That we give a vote of thanks to the DAILY REPUBLICAN, *Review*, *Herald-Despatch* and *Bulletin* for the full notices published concerning our meetings.

Resolved, That we extend a vote of thanks to the Citizens' Electric Street Car company for the favors granted us in the use of Oakland Park.

A large number of visitors attended the camp meeting yesterday and listened to sermons by Elders J. O. Corliss and E. J. Waggoner.

The camp meeting will continue until Wednesday morning. Meetings wil be held to-day and to-morrow as usual. The last public preaching service will be on Tuesday evening at 7:30 o'clock.

At the morning session of the Conference the following officers were elected for the ensuing year:

President—Elder J. N. Loughborough.
Vice-President—O. J. Mason.
Secretary—E. J. Hobbs.

The president and secretary reside in Chicago, Elder Mason in Springfield, Ill.

From Wednesday's Daily.

The camp meeting and conference of the Illinois Seventh Day Adventist Association, which began at Oakland Park September 1st, closed to-day, and last night and to-day the campers left for their homes in different parts of the state. Representatives of the association will remain in the city until the tents and other property are shipped. The weather throughout has been delightful for the camp meeting. The Adventists leave Decatur with only golden opinions of the city, the accommodations and the people of the community who have given them respectful hearing.

Amusements Coming.

At the Grand opera house, Monday evening, Sept. 21—Bronson Howard's great play, "Shenandoah," which will be given with all the fine scenery and effects and excellent company which has made this beautiful play famous from the Atlantic to the Pacific.

Thursday evening, Sept. 24—The well-known comedian, Mr. Carroll Johnson, in his new Irish comedy-drama, "The Gossoon," by Mr. E. E. Kidder, author of Sol Smith Russell's plays, "The Poor Relation" and "Peaceful Valley." The Toledo *Bee* of Aug. 25, speaking of Carroll Johnson in "The Gossoon," says: "The piece is bright, the lines witty, the business sparkling and the actors all good. * * * Johnson makes the hit of his life in "The Gossoon," and his future success in this line of business is already assured. The piece is an artistic one and is sure to be a success.

Death of Asa Kincaid.

From Monday's Daily.

Asa Kincaid died last night at his home at 1086 North Clayton street, his death resulting from injuries received last Thursday. While working with his horses in some manner he was knocked down and trampled upon. Medical assistance was secured for the unfortunate man, but it was of no avail and last night he was relieved from his suffering by the hand of death.

The deceased was born on Feb. 2, 1832, in Bath county, Ky., and has lived in Decatur for the last 24 years. He leaves a widow, four sons and one daughter. The sons are Robert, Oliver, Charles and David Kincaid, and the daughter is Mrs. William Stearns, of Woodlawn, Neb.

Smith Held.

J. H. Smith, of Maros, arrested for embezzlement of cash from Lewis Hahn, of Lincoln, had his examination before 'Squire Rudolph at Lincoln, and Smith was held to answer, bail being fixed at $500. The trouble grows out of a land trade. It appeared in evidence that Smith as evidence of good faith had deposited $500 in the bank at Maros, and yet the charge is made that Smith had a scheme to swindle Hahn. The defendant is confident of acquittal before a jury.

J. H. Hoyt in Jail.

J. H. Hoyt, the Mt. Zion music teacher, arrested in Decatur Saturday night for the alleged abduction of a Latham girl, had his preliminary hearing at Mt. Pulaski yesterday, before Squire Chambers. He was held to answer and in default of $500 bail was to-day committed to the county jail at Lincoln. Hoyt has a wife and five children at Mt. Zion.

DO NOT make a purchase of any windmill until after you examine the Bird, at the Spencer & Lehman Co. feb26wtp

THE NEW COURT HOUSE.

Laying of the Corner Stone With Imposing Masonic Ceremonies.

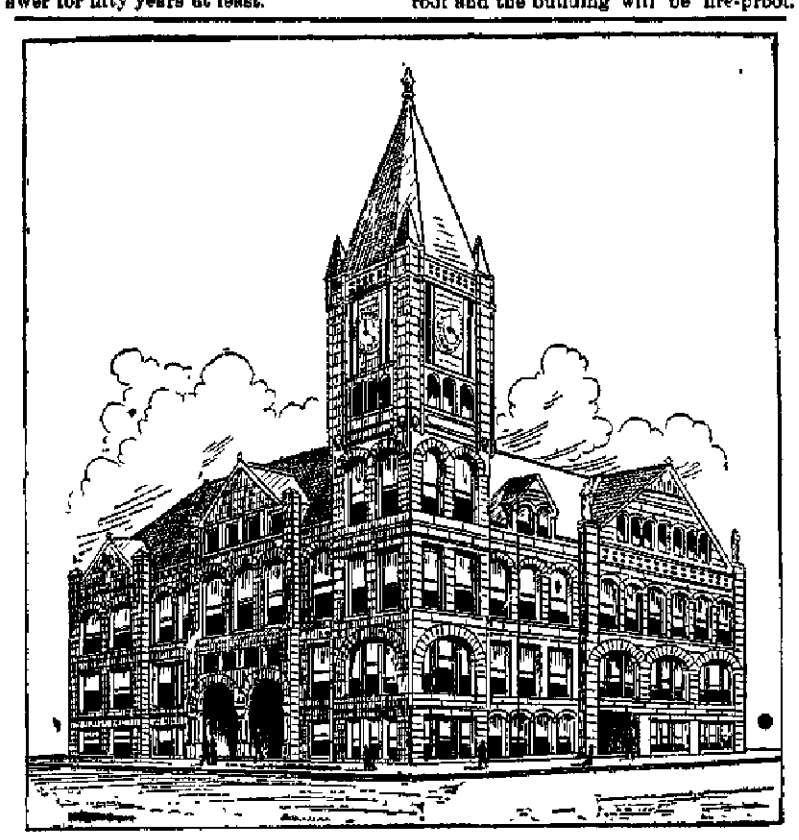
FULL DESCRIPTION OF THE BUILDING

State Masonic Officers Present—The Street Parade—Flags Unfurled—Contents of the Copper Box—The Addresses by Eminent Masons—Banquet To-Night at the Temple.

From Wednesday's Daily.

This is a gala day for citizens of Decatur and Macon county, and a red-letter day for the Masonic fraternity, who have the glory and honor of conducting the ceremonies attending the laying of the corner stone of the new $80,000 court house.

It is an important event in the history of the city and county, as the erection of the structure tells of the pride and enterprise of our people. It may be said that the building is not large enough, but after the building is completed, a picture of which is herewith presented, the people generally will admit that it will answer for fifty years at least.



THE NEW MACON COUNTY COURT HOUSE.

Early this morning flags were displayed in different parts of the city and Contractor Moses got everything in readiness at the building for the accommodation of the speakers and members of the county board. The derrick was decked with small flags, as well as the work tents close to the corner. Chairs were placed on the improvised platform for the convenience of specially invited guests. Quite a number of Masons from the lodges in the county and old citizens of the county arrived in the city on the trains, and in a manner the crowd on the streets was a reminder of a busy Saturday in the city.

THE PARADE

The Grand Lodge officers and Masons generally assembled at Masonic Temple at 2 o'clock and at 2:30 the order of procession was formed on Water street as follows:

Goodman's Band.
Mayor Chambers and City Officials.
Officers of Macon County
Members of the Macon County Board of Supervisors.
Macon Lodge of Masons No. 8.
Ionic Lodge of Masons No 312.
Visiting members of all Lodges in Macon and adjoining counties
Beaumanoir Commandery No. 9, Knights Templar, acting as escort for Grand Lodge officers in carriages.

GRAND LODGE OFFICERS.

The following high officials were in open carriages:

M. W. G. M.—J. M. Pearson, of Godfrey
D. G. M.—J. E. Evans, Monticello.
J. G. W.—Hon. Owen Scott, Bloomington.
G. M.—George S. Durfee, Decatur
Principal Architect—C. A. Moses, Chicago.
Grand Secretary—Geo. W. Warvelle, Chicago.
Grand Treasurer—N. Bowditch, Aurora.
Grand Chaplain—F. M. Springer, Springfield
Grand T.—F. M. Young, Decatur.
Grand Deacons—J. C. Hostetler and George Staddler.
Grand Standard Bearers—C. L. Hovey and J. D. Templeton
Grand Stewards—H. F. Starbuck and J. S. McClelland.

The line of march was north on Water to North street, west to Edward, south on Edward to West Main, east on Main across Lincoln Square to Water, and south to the new building.

The stone was laid in the presence of a great throng by Grand Master Pearson, assisted by the Grand Lodge officers, and at the close remarks were made by Judge W. E. Nelson and J. R. Gorin, of Decatur, and Geo. W. Warvelle, of Chicago.

THE CORNER STONE.

The lower stone was put in position some days ago. It is smooth and handsome, and bears on the exposed sides the figures "1891." In the center of the stone is the receptacle for the copper box, 12x16 inches in size. Over this stone the other stone was placed to-day, in due form. It bears this inscription:

Laid by the
Masonic Fraternity
Sept. 16, 1891—A. L. 5891
John M. Pearson,
Grand Master.

The ceremonies of the day will close with a banquet and toasting at Masonic Temple, at which members of Nos. 8 and 312 will be the hosts.

THE BUILDING.

The new court house is located on the southeast corner of South Water and Wood streets, half a block south of the the REPUBLICAN office, on the lot donated to the county years ago by Orlando Powers, to be used for court house and jail purposes. The plans were drawn by the Star Mills Company, of Jacksonville, Ill., and were accepted by the county board in March, 1891, out of a bunch of 19 plans. The building is of light stone, 100x100 feet in size, the tower being 140 feet high. The basement story is on a level with the street. First floor 10 feet high; second floor 15 feet high; third floor 22 feet high, and above the third floor is an attic which will resemble a fourth story. In the tower will be a clock, the dials of which will be illuminated at night. There is to be a slate roof and the building will be fire-proof. The corridors and halls will have tile floors, and the vestibules wainscoted with Georgia marble in varied tints.

There is a cellar 50x100 feet at the rear half of the building. The first floor or basement will be used for offices. A wide stairway will lead to the second floor, where will be found the offices of the circuit and county clerks, the county judge and the county court room. On the third floor, at the southeast corner, is the large circuit court room, with offices and jury rooms. The grand jury and supervisors are provided for, and the entire equipment will be first-class.

CONTENTS OF THE BOX.

The copper box placed in the stone contained the following documents and papers:

History of Macon County, 1880, donated by County Clerk Hardy.
City Code, 1886; presented by City Clerk Smelley.
Annual report of City Officers, 1891.
Premium List Illinois State Fair, 1891.
Copies of DAILY and WEEKLY REPUBLICAN
Copies of other city papers.
Postal card, bearing the invitation of the Secretary of Ionic Lodge of Masons to Judge Nelson to attend the ceremonies.
Rules and Regulations of the Macon County Board of Supervisors, including list of members.
Business card of C. A. Moses, the contractor.
Business card of Wallace & Sons, brass and copper rolling mills.
Business card of C. L. Griswold & Co. on which it is stated that the company manufactured the copper box used to contain the articles here enumerated.
List of the officers of city of Decatur.
List of Macon county officials

HISTORICAL.

The first court house was a log structure 20x20 feet and a story and a half high. It contained two rooms, one above the other, and was heated by an old-fashioned fireplace. The building stood on the west half of lot 4, in block 4, of the original town of Decatur, east side of Lincoln Square, south of Main street corner, where it was built in the latter part of the year 1829 and spring of 1830, and continued to be used as a court house until 1838, when it was moved to what is known as the Samuel Allen farm, east of the city, where it is now used as a barn.

The second court house was a brick building 40x40 feet, erected in 1838 on the southeast corner of the old square, or Lincoln Square. As the population of the county became larger and legal business increased, this temple of justice, like its predecessor, was at length found to be too small, and the county in 1870 leased a part of the Powers Block on South Water street, opposite the REPUBLICAN office, which has since been used as a court house. For a time the first floor rooms were used by the county officers; but the $11,000 building put up south of the site of the new structure caused the lower rooms to be vacated. The second story of the Powers Block is still used as the court room.

The Illinois Conference.

From Wednesday's Daily

Bishop Warren opened the Illinois conference of the Methodist Episcopal church at Bloomington this morning. There were last year 51,645 members of the churches in the conference and 400 preachers; amount paid for ministers' salaries, $185,828; for church benevolences, $55,000. There are nine districts, with about 25 preachers in each. Decatur district has 6,442 members; M. D. Hawes elder, salary $1,848; highest salary paid preacher, First church, Decatur, $1,800. Bloomington district, 4,689 members; George Stevens elder, salary $1,800; highest salary paid preacher, First church, Bloomington, $2,500. Champaign district, 6,558 members; T. A. Parker elder, salary $1,907; highest salary paid preacher, $1,400, First church, Champaign. Danville district, 6,912 members; W. H. Webster elder, salary $1,555; highest for preacher $2,000, First church, Danville. Jacksonville district, 4,317 members; W. D. Best elder, salary $1,742; highest for preacher, $1,900, Grace church, Jacksonville. Mattoon district, 7,292 members; J. T. Orr elder, salary $1,646; highest for preacher $1,425, First church, Paris. Quincy district, 4,394 members; S. H. Whitlock elder, salary $1,617; highest for preacher $1,840, Vermont street church, Quincy. Springfield district, 5,788 members; W. N. McElroy elder, salary $1,727; highest for preacher, $2,800, First church, Springfield. West Jacksonville district, 5,038 members; M. W. Everhart elder, salary $1,649; highest for preacher, $1,100, at Beardstown.

Christian Endeavor Anniversary.

Sunday afternoon the Christian Endeavor Society of Antioch church, southeast of the city, celebrated its first anniversary. One year ago Sunday the society was organized with nine members, and has grown to a membership of forty in that time. A fine program had been prepared and the church was beautifully decorated. The exercises included an address by Rev. E. B. Cake, a solo by Misses Leffingwell and Cake, and an address on behalf of the Decatur Union by James Lindsay. Quite a number of Decatur people attended the meeting, and all report it a very profitable one.

The Everlasting Steel

Windmills, with steel tilting or fixed towers, are sold exclusively by FISHER & LONG, of Decatur, Ill. july23-w9w

THE GEBHARDT MURDER.

Noble Randle Given One Year and Perry Set Free.

The trial of Noble Randle for the murder of John Gebhardt ended Saturday, and the case was given to the jury at noon. His son, Perry Randle, was also tried as an accomplice. After eight hours conference the jury found Noble Randle guilty of the murder of Gebhardt, and sentenced him, to one year in the penitentiary. Perry Randle was set free. The case grew out of a drunken spree in which the Randles went to Gebhardt's house and dunned him for some money. Hot words ensued, and Noble Randle knocked Gebhardt down and stamped him so that he died in one hour. This is the third murder case from that neighborhood, near Atwood.

Home from the U. B. Conference.

Last evening the ministers of this section of the state who attended the Central Illinois Conference of the United Brethren Church, returned home. The delegates included Elder Field, Rev. King, A. Q. Gharrett and Rev. Z. T. Hatfield. There were 48 ministers and lay delegates at the conference, and Bishop Weaver, of Ohio, presided. Appointments for the Decatur district were as follows:

Presiding Elder—L. Field, Decatur; Rev. J. A. F. King; Decatur circuit, Rev. S. B. Clark.
Argenta—Rev. J. W. Robertson.
White Heath—Rev. J. H. Crowder.
Elwin—Rev. M. Predmore.
Springfield—Rev. A. Bennett.
Locust Grove—Rev. J. M. Inman.
Casner—Rev. A. Helton.
Fisher—Rev. R. H. Beck.
Mound Circuit, Christian county—Rev. A. Q. Garrett.

The return of Rev. King to the Decatur church is very gratifying to the membership and people generally. Elder Boggess will have charge of the Lexington district for another year.

The next conference will be held at Teheran, in Mason county.

PERSONAL MENTION.

Mrs. J. W. Hanna and daughter, Clara, of Seattle, Wash., are in the city visiting Mrs. J. M. Maris.

Mr. and Mrs. John Hatfield and Miss Gabriel, departed to-day for McCook, Neb., where they will spend the winter.

Mrs. S. L. Hughes will leave this evening for Bainbridge, Ohio to visit relatives and D. L. Hughes will depart to-night for Linchburg, V. A. and from there he will go to Tennessee to spend the winter with relatives.

Invitations are out announcing the approaching marriage of Miss Jessie Rachel Steele, younger daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George R. Steele, and Ernest E. Wangelin, of Belleville, on Wednesday evening, September 23d, at seven o'clock, at the home of the bride's parents, No. 651 Prairie avenue.

Testing the Baking Powders.

Comparative Worth Illustrated,

BY PROF. PETER COLLIER, LATE CHEMIST IN CHIEF OF THE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, WASHINGTON, D. C.

DR. PRICE'S ..... Pure Cream Tartar.
ROYAL ..... ★.. Contains Ammonia.
UNRIVALED.... ★ ★.. Alum and Ammonia.
Taylor's 1 Spoon ★ ★.. Alum and Ammonia.
MONARCH . ★ ★.. Alum and Ammonia.
SNOW BALL. ..★ ★.. Alum and Ammonia.
CALUMET ..... ★.. Contains Alum.
HOTEL ..... ★.. Contains Alum.
YARNALL'S.... ★ ★.. Alum and Ammonia.
MILK. ..... ★ ★.. Alum and Ammonia.
SHEPARD'S ★ ★.. Alum and Ammonia.
MON BON .....★.. Contains Alum
FOREST CITY . ★ ★.. Alum and Ammonia.
CHICAGO YEAST ★★ Alum and Ammonia.
CROWN ..... ★ ★.. Alum and Ammonia.
SILVER STAR..★ ★.. Alum and Ammonia.
DODSON & HILS ★ ★ Alum and Ammonia.

Above diagram was drawn and verified in all its details, by Prof. Peter Collier, who is pre-eminent as a Chemist, and Scientist. The illustration is made in accordance with his chemical tests of each brand enumerated.

The Carbonic acid gas was calculated to get the leavening strength and the quantative analysis to ascertain the comparative wholesomeness, purity, and general usefulness of the leading Powders. The result of Prof. Collier's examination and test, reveals the fact, that, with but one exception, every brand tested contained either Ammonia or Alum, and a number both.

Not one woman in ten thousand would use an Ammonia or Alum Baking Powder if she knew it. Such Powders not only undermine the health, but ammonia imparts a sallow or blotched complexion.

NOTE.—Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder, as shown by Prof. Collier's examinations, is the only pure Cream Tartar Powder found free from adulteration and the highest in strength. All authorities report Dr. Price's free from Ammonia, Alum, Lime, or any other adulterant. The purity of this ideal Powder has never been questioned.

★ Indicates the Powder containing either Ammonia or Alum.
★★ Indicates the Powder containing both Ammonia and Alum.

While the diagram shows some of these Ammonia or Alum Powders to be of higher strength than others classed below them, it must not be taken that they possess any value. All Ammonia or Alum powders should be avoided as dangerous, no matter how high their strength.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—U. S. Gov't Report, Aug. 17, 1889.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE® NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

SPECIAL BARGAINS

The Lowest of Low Prices!

The Best Goods for the Least Money!

Can Always bead at the

NEW STORE,

Next to Millikin's Bank.

25 Pieces Unbleached Canton Flannel at 3 cents per yard.
30 Pieces Unbleached Canton Flannel at 6½c per yard.
30 Pieces Unbleached Canton Flannel at 7 cents per yard.
40 Pieces Unbleached Canton Flannel, worth 10c, for 8½c.

BARGAINS IN DRESS GOODS.

15 Pieces Persian Plaids 12½c per yard.
20 Pieces Brown and Gray Mixed Dress Flannel at 25c a yd.
25 Pieces Heavy Bengal Twill Dresss Flannel, worth 33⅓c, for 25c a yard.

French Cloth.

32 Inches wide, at the Low Prices of 55c; 65c and 85c a yd.

CALICOES

AT 5c PER YARD.

25 Dozen Heavy Jersey Vests, Long Sleeves, Perfect Fitting, AT 25c EACH.

BARGAINS in Dry Goods, Notions and Hosiery,

—AT—

The New Store,

ONE DOOR NORTH OF MILLIKIN'S BANK.

S. HUMPHREYS.

E. G. ALLEN & BRO.,

136 to 144 East Wood Street,

LEADING DECATUR DEALERS IN

Carriages and Buggies

Phætons, Road Wagons,

AND

A FULL LINE OF VEHICLES.

Everything

—IN THE—

FARMING IMPLEMENT LINE.

No Advance in Prices,
Finest Display in the City.

You are cordially invited to inspect our goods.

E. G. ALLEN & BRO.

Executor's Sale of Real Estate.

STATE OF ILLINOIS, MACON COUNTY } ss.

In the County Court, of the August Term, A. D. 1891.

In the matter of the estate of Samuel T. Tiery, deceased,
vs.
Nancy A. Seckman, et al.

Petition to sell real estate to pay debts.

Public notice is hereby given that by virtue of the order and decree of said court in said cause rendered at said term, I, Albion Daggett, as the executor of the estate of the said Samuel T. Tiery, deceased, will, on

SATURDAY, the 3rd day of October, 1891.

at the hour of three o'clock on the afternoon of said day, at the premises in the city of Macon, Macon County, Illinois, at public vendue, sell to the highest and best bidder, the following described real estate, to-wit:

The south half of the northeast quarter of the northwest quarter of the northwest quarter of section thirty-three in township fifteen, north, and range two (2), east of the Third Principal Meridian.

Upon the following terms, to-wit. Cash in hand on day of sale.

ALBION DAGGETT,
Mills Bros. & Mills, Executor, Etc.
Sol's for petitioners. 33d3w4w

ESTABLISHED 1852.

PEDDECORD, BURROWS & CO.

BANKERS.

WE TRANSACT A GENERAL

BANKING BUSINESS

Same as an incorporated bank. Buy and Sell Exchange, Receive Deposits, Discount Business Paper.

LOAN MONEY ON MORTGAGE SECURITY

Make Mortgage Investments for Customers and furnish them

SAFETY DEPOSIT BOXES

under private key, in OUR FIRE AND BURGLAR-PROOF VAULT, free of Charge.

jan17 1884-wtf

Chicago as a Money Center.

Chicago *Evening Journal:* The clearing house consolidated report for last week again gives Chicago the second place, with New York for the first. The clearings in New York were $752,559,010; in Chicago, $100,946,000; in Boston, $90,444,406. Philadelphia lagged far behind, with about $61,000,000.

The immense business of the week in Chicago was swollen to its reported volume by the trade in grain and provisions. This fact indicates equally large exchanges for the remainder of the fall and a part of the winter. With the wheat crop, the corn crop and the hog crop to swell business, the volume will be something enormous. It is not likely that Boston will catch up again until the January dividends are distributed in that city. The dividend season is the one showing Boston's greatest financial strength.

The immense volume of exchanges in New York—aside from the fact that it is made up of the exchanges of all the other cities—consists in great part of speculative business on the stock and grain exchanges. It is inflated by what is not much different from merely "swapping checks" by speculators, between the winners and losers on such deals as are closed out. Of course, there is much of this in Chicago, but by far the greater proportion of the Chicago business is based on sales and purchases of actual property.

A Magnificent Argument.

In his address to the people of Pomeroy, Ohio, Major McKinley was able to make use of an argument that went home with telling effect. A large rolling mill was erected at Pomeroy a few years ago, but for a long time previous to last October it had stood idle and empty.

When the McKinley law went into effect it brought an immediate industrial awakening to the town. The rolling mill was promptly set to work and it is now running night and day manufacturing cotton ties. It employes 300 workmen at good wages where none were employed before, and it furnishes the means of comfortable support to 1,200 or 1,500 persons.

With such an example of the effect of the McKinley law, it would be strange indeed if the people of Pomeroy did not vote overwhelmingly to sustain it and to elect its gallant author to the governorship of Ohio. And what the present tariff has done for Pomeroy in building up a new industry it has done for scores of other towns all over the United States.

Endorsing the McKinley Bill.

It may be well, in view of the fact that the Democrats are talking about Republicans dodging the tariff, to call attention to the fact that the Republicans of Iowa, Ohio and Maryland did not dodge the tariff in their state conventions and now come the Republicans of New York, who say in their platform:

The revenue legislation of the Fifty-first Congress, both in the tariff and the administrative act, is a just and proper application of the policy of protection to American labor, and the control of the home markets for the industry of our own people; and the fruits of this legislation are increasing daily in the establishment of new factories, in steadier employment to wage-earners, in better prices to the farmer for the products of the soil, and in the assurance of financial independence for our country in the face of monetary distress throughout Europe and South America.

It is in order for the Democrats to examine their knees, on the subject of the tariff, and see if there is not considerable indications of a smiting together.

Tariff Pictures.

New York *Press*: A Philadelphia retail house last week advertised all wool six pound blankets at $3.50 a pair, which is 58.22 cents per pound. The duty on blankets of a value greater than 50 cents a pound is three and a half times the duty on a pound of unwashed wool (11 cents) and 40 per cent, or in this case, in all. 61 788 cents. Is the tariff a tax when the price is actually less than the duty?

CHICAGO *Journal:* Governor Hill does not seem to have the McKinleyphobia as severely as many Democrats, nor even so hopelessly as some alleged Republicans. In a speech at Buffalo he said: "Let us be reasonable in our clamor for cheap things. It is natural that we should desire to obtain whatever we need at fair rates, but we should be careful not to insist upon prices so moderate that the interests of labor will be jeopardized. 'To live and let live' is a good motto which may safely followed in all pursuits." This comes pretty near to being good tariff doctrine—such as Samuel J. Randall used to preach to the fool Democratic free-traders.

A Wonder Worker.

Mr. Frank Huffman, a young man of Burlington, Ohio, states that he had been under the care of two prominent physicians, and used their treatment until he was able to get around. They pronounced his case Consumption and incurable. He was persuaded to try Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds, at that time was not able to walk across the street without resting. He found, before he had used a half of a dollar bottle, that he was much better; he continued to use it and is to-day enjoying good health. If you have any Throat, Lung or Chest trouble try it. We guarantee satisfaction. Trial bottle free at King & Wood's Drug store. 5m

What Energy Did.

V. H. Parke & Son started the *lime* business last year. They had a *big* trade. Why? They carried a large and well selected stock, and sold at a fair price. They carry lime, hair, cement, all *kinds*, and everything trade demands at wholesale and retail. If you want anything call on them, and you can get it fresh and good. 621 N. Main St., on Wabash R. R. mar26-w6mo

WOOD PUMPS, Chain Pumps, Iron Force Pumps, for sale at Spencer & Lehman's. nov5-d&wtf

The Honest Dollar.

When a Democratic leader or a Democratic newspaper discovers that that party has got itself into compromising quarters by temporizing with the multitude of isms which come up from time to time it is amusing to see with what vigor they apply themselves when any sort of an opportunity is presented to them to wiggle out of a bad situation.

The Decatur *Review* has given its readers a fair illustration of this Democratic characteristic in an editorial entitled "That Honest Dollar." If one were to concentrate the entire editorial he would have as a result the simple statement, "The Republicans are as bad as the Democrats on the silver question. If you don't believe it look at the New York Republican platform."

This sort of argument must be very humiliating to a representative of a great reform party, such as it is claimed the Democratic party is. It is the silliest of apologies. It is the argument of every criminal who says "I am no worse than some other fellow." It is the old Democratic trick used by the leaders of that party to deceive those who are inclined to vote the Democratic ticket, but who have grown discontented over the duplicity of Democratic leaders on some public question. The Republican National platform of 1888 declares:

The Republican party is in favor of the use of gold and silver as money and condemns the policy of the Democratic administration in its efforts to demonetize silver.

It is well known that the policy of the Cleveland administration—consented to by a Democratic Congress—was to stop the coinage of silver, but when the Republicans came into power this party of spotted principles, represented by the Democrats in Congress, became at once clamorous for the free and unlimited coinage of silver. A combination between them and the Republican representatives of the silver-producing states was formed to foist free coinage upon the people. The argument put forward by the silver state senators was that the business interests of the country demanded a greater circulating medium,

The result was a compromise bill, to which the silver state senators and representatives—all Republicans—agreed, providing for the purchase by the government of 4,500,000 ounces of silver per month at its market value. In arranging this compromise measure reference was had to the monthly output of American mines, and it was decided that this purchase by the government would practically absorb the output and still maintain silver at par. These are well known facts, and when the New York Republican state convention says: "The act of July 14, 1890, provides for the purchase of the silver product of American mines, there may be some question about the phraseology, but it is fair to assume that the New York Republicans meant to convey the same meaning that is conveyed by the Ohio Republicans in their platform when they say:"

We endorse the American coinage act of the last congress by which the entire production of the silver mines of the United States is added to the currency of the people.

The first is ambiguous, the latter is plain, but both endorse the act of congress, the provisions of which are clear. Against this is arrayed the quibbling Democracy with an entirely different proposition. It proposes to coin the silver of the world, paying every person who brings 78 cents worth of silver to the mint one dollar for it.

The Joint Debate in Ohio.

Major McKinley is to hold a joint debate with Governor Campbell. The Governor better spend all his present time recuperating.—*Piqua Dispatch.*

When Major McKinley and Governor Campbell meet in joint debate, something will drop, and it will not be McKinley, either.—*Boston News* (Rep.)

It's dollars to doughnuts that Jimmy Campbell will have "that tired feeling" in acute form about the time that may be set for his joint debate with Major McKinley at Ada.—*Mansfield News.*

Major McKinley and Governor Campbell talk of holding a joint debate at Ada. Campbell will take the first train for the seashore.—*Sandusky Register.*

Governor Campbell had an unfavorable turn in his disease yesterday, and his physician ordered him to the seaside for recuperation. He leaves to-morrow. This will probably interfere with his debate with Major McKinley at Ada on the 15th.—*Piqua Dispatch.*

Governor Campbell, it seems, is willing "to chance" a joint debate with Major McKinley. The Governor is getting reckless of late, in his willingness to chance things, but there will be no chancing the outcome of such a debate. McKinley will eat him whole.—*Athens Herald.*

THE greatest debate of our political history, that between Lincoln and Douglas, will be called to mind by that of Governor Campbell and Major McKinley. These men, as were the other two, are personal friends. The discussion will be free from acrimony, but will deal honestly and intelligently with the tariff and with silver in their current relations to politics.—*Evansville Standard* (Rep.)

A Sound Liver Makes a Well Man.

Are you Bilious, Constipated or troubled with Jaundice, Sick Headache, Bad Taste in Mouth, Foul Breath, Coated Tongue, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Hot, Dry Skin, Pain in Back and Between the Shoulders' Chills and Fever, &c. If you have any of these symptoms, your Liver is out of order and your blood is slowly being poisoned, because your Liver does not act properly. HERBINE will cure any disorder of the Liver, Stomach or Bowels. It has no equal as a Liver Medicine. Price, 75 cents. Sold by Swearingen & Tyler. d&w

How plain to my mind are the scenes of my childhood,
As my recollection recalls them to view,
The soap-kettle hung on the poles of green basswood;
The Smoke and the Smell that my infancy knew!
But those days of SOFT SOAP and consequent anguish,
Have long since departed, we pray and we hope;
The use of the stuff 'gan to wane and to languish
As soon as they offered us

SANTA CLAUS SOAP.

MADE BY N.K. FAIRBANK & Co., CHICAGO.

BUSY, BUSY, BUSY!

Yes, we're busy opening

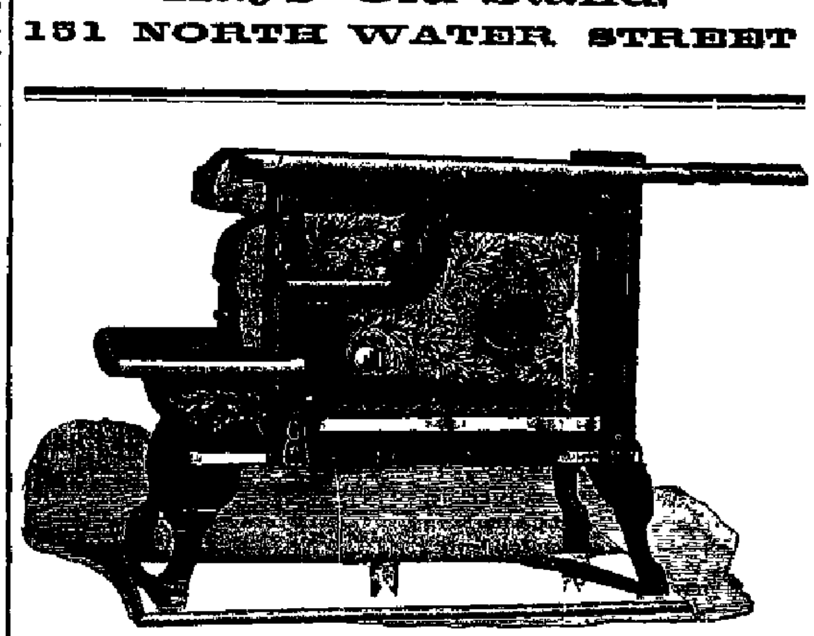
NEW DRESS GOODS,
NEW DRESS SILKS,
NEW UNDERWEAR,
NEW TABLE LINEN,
NEW TABLE COVERS,
NEW Blankets, Flannels, Etc.

And in fact NEW GOODS FOR EVERY DEPARTMENT OF OUR STORE, as the demand is growing larger every day for our goods.

We'll give you the best values and want you for our customer.

Chas. T. Johnston.

Hays' Old Stand,
151 NORTH WATER STREET



COOK STOVE and Trimmings	$20.00	SIDEBOARD	$15.00
BEDROOM SUIT	20 00	DINING TABLE	6.00
PARLOR SUIT	30 00	HIGH-BACK CHAIRS	8 00

BACHMAN BROS.,

East Main Street, Sign of the Big Elephant.

THE HAT TALKS!

If You Give It a Show.

There is none speaks so Plain to the trade as the

HART & DUFF HAT!

For Style and Durability it Outclasses Them All.

Sold by the Popular Young Firm,

BRYAN, JONES & CO.

4 Doors West of Post Office.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

WE ARE CLOSING OUT

100 All-Wool Suits

AT

$9.75,

Worth from $12.00 to $15.00.

These Goods are Medium Weight, and we have more of them on hand than we care to carry over. We must get rid of them, and if you want a Bargain, here is your chance.

B. STINE CLOTHING CO.,

Decatur, Illinois.

DIAMONDS!

Lowest Priced House in Decatur for FINE DIAMONDS.

Our greatest desire is that the qualities should be right, (and they are.)

No one should purchase before examining the Special Values we offer in SOLITAIRE, EAR-DROPS, LACE-PINS, STUDS and FINGER RINGS.

Diamonds Handsomely Re-Set on Short Notice.

MONEY CAN BE SAVED

And Finer Qualities obtained by Purchasing of

W. R. ABBOTT & Co.

WE HAVE

"Got Them on the List."

Names of parties for whom Lytle & Eckels and THE LYTLE & ECKELS HARDWARE Co. have put in FURNACES since January, 1889:

Theron Powers, "
F. W. Creen, "
F. M. Young, "
John Quinlan, "
Mrs. M. E. Mills, "
Chas. Murphy, "
Chas. T. Haigh, "
Mrs. Whitsit, "
S. M. Irwin, "
G. P. Hardy, "
G. P. Blume, "
Congregational Church, "
J. M. Dodd, "
Christian Church, Harristown.
A. H. Cope, Decatur.
M. Troutman, "
W. M. Bundy, "
Mrs. R. C. Dumont, "
A. J. Stoutenborough, Maroa.
School Board, Town 4, Shelby county.
E. O. Smith, Moawequa.
C. P. Church, Bethany.
J. H. Culver, Decatur.
A. T. Summers, "
A. Shoemaker, "
J. H. Wilkinson, Bethany.
James A. Phillips, Decatur.
Anna B. Millikin Home, "
Cal Waggoner, "

LYTLE & ECKELS HARDWARE CO.

LOCAL NEWS.

GEORGE FICKES at Warrensburg has a new boy at his house.

BEAUTIFUL Blankets very cheap at Linn & Scruggs D. G. & C. Co.

BORN, to Mr. and Mrs. M. J. Malone, on Friday, September 10, a son.

DAVID M. HURT is the Illiopolis delegate to the lay conference at Bloomington.

NELSON F. BROWN, of Blue Mound, has lately lost 13 head of cattle from clover bloat.

ISAAC SHIVELY, near LaPlace, will gather 300 bushels of peaches from his orchard this year.

BORN, to Mr. and Mrs. I. Schoolcraft, of 886 West Wood street, on Thursday, September 10, a son.

DR. J. N. RANDALL has sold his 160 acre farm in Piatt county to Robert Huston at $66 per acre—$9960.

B. F. HUFF is the Methodist delegate from Cerro Gordo to the lay conference of the church to be held at Bloomington.

OUR Fast Black Hose will not fade, and will outwear any that has yet been produced. Linn & Scruggs Dry Goods and Carpet Co. daw

W. W. HUMPHREY, late of Lovington, has paid $375 for a house and an acre of ground near Cerro Gordo, where he will reside.

P. A. JONES, of Dalton City, has the contract for building a new house worth $1000 on the Dr. R. L. Walston farm near Dalton.

THE Culver Monument Company, capital $15,000, works on South Main street, this city, will incorporate under the state laws. J. H. Culver, chief owner of the property, has sold his interest for $12,500. The stockholders of the company are J. H. Culver, J. M. Willard, son of J. G. Willard, J. S. Culver, of Springfield, and John H. Rainey, of Forsyth.

HON. R. H. HILL, of Boody, who has 515 acres of land in Clay county, Neb. near Edgar, has arrived home from the west after an absence of five weeks. Mr Hill brought back with him samples of fine fruit grown on his place—apples, pears, peaches and Siberian crab-apples, as good as the best ever grown in Illinois. Mr. Hill will locate permanently in Nebraska.

The Man Who Saved Dave Berlin

David M. Berlin, who was in Andersonville and other Southern prison pens, is in receipt of a long letter from his old prison companion, J. M. Laughlin, of Rockville, Mo., the man who saved his life when the day came for the removal of the prisoners. Dave was so bad off that many thought it a waste of time to take him along, but Comrade Laughlin assisted him to the lines and life. Mr. Laughlin writes:

* * * Yes, I would like very much to see your wife I know she must be an extra good woman to take the care she has taken of you; for I know nothing but extra good care could have kept you alive this long. I remember when I was helping you to the train at Millen A fellow that belonged to my regiment said it was d——d foolishness to try to save your life; that you could not live until we got to Savannah, etc. I must confess that I did not expect that you would live to see our lines, but I could not bear the idea of leaving you there to die. * * * I would not have known your photo if I had seen it without being told that it was yours. I will send you mine. I am so glad the government has at last done for you what ought to have been done when you first came out of hell. * * * J. M. LAUGHLIN.

Foster and the Weather.

ST. JOSEPH, MO., Sept. 10.—My last letter gave forecasts of the storm wave due to cross the continent from Sept. 8 to the 13th, and the next will be due to leave the Pacific coast about the 14th, cross the Rocky-Alleghany valley from 15th to the 17th and reach the Atlantic coast about the 18th. It will be at its greatest force in the eastern States about the 17th or 18th, when it will make a record as being more than an ordinary storm.

Destructive frosts will follow this storm, especially in the Northern States, and will reach much farther south than is usual for the time of year. This storm wave and the one following it will be what has been popularly termed equinoctial storms, as they will occur when the earth is near its equinoctial. Not the greatest storms of the year but notable weather events were calculated for September, and I will be greatly surprised not to see long accounts in the newspapers with display heads relating notable weather events.

W. T. FOSTER.

Pensions Granted.

Through the agency of M. Shea two pensions have lately been granted.

Mrs. Annie Thomas, of Decatur, a hard-working woman whose husband was in a Massachusetts regiment, is granted a pension of $8 a month from September 5th, 1864, to 1886, and $12 a month from from 1886, making a total of nearly $2900 in one draft.

Harmon Meitze, of Dalton City, was given a reissue of pension.

SPECIAL attention is called to the new advertisement of the Linn & Scruggs Dry Goods and Carpet Company. Their immense stock and great variety of dress goods, silks, ladies' wraps and carpets are worth the attention of all who are seeking high class novelties. Their large and constantly increasing sales create a demand for new, fresh goods every day, and this demand is supplied by the best talent at home and in New York, by cash purchasers from first hands, which is a guarantee of low prices to consumers sept7d&wtf

COME and see our buggies, Surreys Phaetons, Spring Wagons and Road Carts—the best made and cheapest in town. THE SPENCER AND LEHMAN CO., Nov 5-dawtf South Main and Wood sts

LOWELL carpets, bodies and ingrains the handsomest and best in the United States, received direct from the mills by Linn & Scruggs Dry Goods and Carpet Company.

THE COUNTY BOARD.

1891 TAX LEVY—CLAIMS PAID—THE SWAMP LANDS.

Refused to Pay $181 Extra Bailiff Claims Contracted by the Sheriff.

From Thursday's Daily.

The county board met at 9:30 o'clock this forenoon.

The finance committee reported that to August 31, six months, warrants for $26,522.49 had been burned as required by law.

The fees and salaries committee recommended the payment of salaries as follows: Judge Nelson, $400; Stewart Magee, $250; Janitor Pound $150; Dr. Farmer, $125; and Overseer Holman, $125. Paid.

Supervisors Roberts, Barber and Davidson, special committee, reported on the fair ground, that the rent for the ground is being paid and that the city, which leased the grounds for a public park, has expended $800 in improvements in building a new fence and leveling the ground. The committee was informed that the city would push the improvement more vigorously.

The resolution of Isaac R. Hitt, state agent for adjusting the claims of Illinois against the United States, for reclaiming swamp lands, was referred to the judiciary committee.

The committee on the building of bridges in Pleasant View township recommended that a warrant be drawn by the county for $1,007 25, as the county's half of the expense. Adopted.

Resolution by Supervisor Roberts: That the county clerk be and is hereby ordered to extend upon the tax books of Macon county for the year 1891, all tax levies certified to by the proper officers, including all levies for town tax, road and bridge tax, city tax, ditch tax, delinquent road tax and all school taxes. Adopted.

By Supervisor Roberts: That the names of the persons appearing on the juror record as selected by the several members of the Board of Supervisors, Sept. 10, 1891, is hereby declared the list from which the petit jurors shall be drawn for the several terms of court in 1892. Adopted.

The annual report of J. N. Donahey, county superintendent of schools, was read by the clerk. The cash balance on hand to September 1, 1891, is $797.40. Adopted.

On motion of Supervisor Roberts the matter of paying for the recording of the township treasurer's bonds was referred to the judiciary committee.

The report of the committee on paupers and poor farm was presented and adopted.

From Friday's Daily.

The board of supervisors met at the usual hour this forenoon at the court house.

The finance committee, Supervisors Johnson, Roberts, Barber, May and Miller, recommended a levy of 75 cents on each $100, to be made on the equalized valuation of 1891, on all real, personal and railroad property in the county, for general county purposes, and including court house purposes. The motion to lay the resolution over until 2 p. m. was lost. The recommendation was adopted without opposition.

The Judiciary Committee reported that the county is liable for the expense of recording school treasurer's bonds. The report was adopted with the amendment that the county superintendent of schools have the bonds filed, charging the fees up to the county.

States Attorney Mills was called in to give an address on the swamp land question. He said at the outset that the question is one which had come pretty near swamping the committee and the county attorney. He said that in 1850 certain swamp or overflowed lands had been ceded to Illinois by the government. Up to 1885 the general government had sold much of the swamp land which had been given the State, and about some of the swamp land thus sold there had arisen dispute between the State and the government. Now General Agent Hitt is engaged in trying to induce the government to pay to the State moneys received for the lands, in order that each county in the State having swamp land interest in the matter may receive its share of the money now in the hands of the government. In 1887 the Macon county board made a contract with Agent Hitt to pay him 40 per cent. of the amount he might secure by his personal efforts. A majority of the acreage of swamp land in Macon county is located in Austin township. On motion of Supervisor Roberts the action, on the swamp land question was deferred until the December meeting, when the judiciary committee, of which Supervisor Parker is chairman, will submit a report.

County Clerk Hardy reported $290 expended for the transportation of paupers, dating back to October, 1890.

THE TAX LEVY.

The annual tax levy was submitted as follows:

	Town tax.	Road and Bridge
Austin township	$ 100	$ 1000
Blue Mound	200	40c on 100
Decatur	3000	80c on 100
Friends Creek	500	1500
Harristown	300	1500
Hickory Point	5c on 100	40c on 100
Illini	200	30c on 100
Long Creek	200	40c on 100
Maroa	400	1000
Milam	100	
Mt. Zion		
Niantic	800	800
Oakley	160	1200
Pleasant View	200	20c on 100
Macon		1200
Wheatland	175	80c on 100
Whitmore	5c on 100	25c on 100
City of Decatur		$2742
" Macon		1000
" Maroa		3000
Village of Mt Zion		530
" Blue Mound		
" Warrensburg		475
" Niantic		
" Argenta		

It was ordered that Steward Magee be paid $93.69 due him.

J. P. Richardson asked for a druggist's permit. It was refused.

AGAINST THE SHERIFF.

The following report was read and adopted:

Your committee on fees and salaries would report that quite a number of bills have been certified to by the sheriff for services as bailiffs in order to have them allowed by the board, but were not bailiff services; and, upon investigation your committee further find that the court should appoint any number of bailiffs as the sheriff may deem necessary to wait upon the court, of which, however, no record has been made for the June term of court; and we find that the court has been usually appointing from five to six persons as such bailiffs. Your committee also find that the court has overruled the wholesale appointing of bailiffs for the sheriff. Therefore your committee recommend that only those bills of regularly appointed bailiffs, not to exceed six in number, be allowed; also that we believe the work to be performed by the the sheriff is beyond his ability to be performed without assistance, his salary to be his only personal compensation, we believe that the board should devise some way in which the sheriff could be lawfully compensated for at least a part of such work as subpoenaing witnesses for jury duty and grand jurymen just previous to the convening of the various sessions of court.

Submitted by Supervisors Sleeter, Burley, Davidson, Singleton and Muldoon.

In the settlement of the account with Sheriff Perl, there appeared claims for a total of 16 circuit court bailiffs, six of which were appointed by the court, but the committee reported that the claims of the ten bailiffs appointed by the sheriff, N. G. Draper, $5; H. F. Dillehunt, $59.15; David Huff, $15 06; Wm. Myers, $55; C. C. Cochran, $5; J. M. Biddle, $2.50; J. U. Uray, $17.50; D. M. Parkhurst, $12.50; Henry Grebe, $5; and James Campbell, $5; be not paid, a total of $181.60, which it now appears Sheriff Perl will have to pay out of his own salary, unless the county can be made to foot the bill. Supervisor Singleton and May thought the sheriff ought to have sufficient help to aid him in performing the duties of his office. Supervisor Sleeter spoke to the same effect.

The claim of Attorneys McCoy and Webber for pay for defending Bill Crawford, was placed on file.

It was ordered that Sheriff Perl be paid $826 34 on jail account.

The Sarah Madden and other pauper causes were referred to Supervisor Barber.

Masonic Lodges No. 8 and No. 312, through Supervisor May extended an invitation to the members of the board to be present at the banquet at the close of the corner stone laying ceremonies Sept. 16. It was promptly accepted.

Warrants were ordered drawn to pay the supervisors for attendance at the July and September meetings.

Chairman Garver called Supervisor May to the chair and then addressed the board on the proposition to bring the fair grounds within the city limits. Mr. Garver stated that he had been asked by City Attorney McDonald to sign a petition for the county to bring the fair grounds in the city limits, but that he would not do it without being instructed to do so by the board. The grounds have been leased by the city for a public park, but no money can be expended on them out of the city treasury unless within the city limits. After discussion by Supervisors Barber, Roberts, May and others, it was decided to take no action in the matter until the December meeting.

The board then adjourned for the term.

DEATH OF REV. JAS. LEATON.

A Former Decatur Pastor Passes Away at Carlinville.

Friday, Sept. 11, at 1 a. m., Rev. James Leaton, pastor in charge of the First M. E. Church, Decatur, in 1876 and 1887, died at the home of his daughter at Carlinville, Ill. The deceased was one of the oldest preachers in the Illinois Conference. He had been preaching for 47 or 48 years and was one of the recognized lights in the Methodist Church. He was once secretary of the Illinois Conference and was secretary of the Historical Society of the Illinois Conference at the time of his death. He had written one volume of his "History of Methodism in Illinois" and the second volume is just completed. He was the father of Circuit Clerk Leaton, of McLean County.

James Leaton was born in Lincolnshire, England, May 5, 1817, and came to America at the age of 17 years; converted in Sangamon county, Ill., in August, 1842; received on trial in the Illinois Conference in 1843, Sangamon; 1844, Jacksonville circuit; 1845, Jerseyville; 1846, Winchester; 1847, Alton; 1848, Griggsville; 1849, Quincy; 1850, superannuated; 1851, professor of McKendree College; 1853, at Mt. Carmel; 1854, Mt. Vernon; 1855-56, principal of Mt. Vernon Academy; 1857, located. Readmitted to Illinois Conference 1858, Springfield; 1859, same; 1860-61, Quincy, Vermont Street; 1862-64, Quincy District; 1865-67, Jacksonville, West charge; 1868-69, Danville; 1870-71, Bloomington, first charge; 1872-73, Carlinville; 1874-75, Pana District; 1876-77, Decatur, first charge; 1878, Clinton; 1879-80, Paris; 1881-82, Rushville; 1883, Centennial Agent; 1884-85, Jacksonville, Brooklyn.

A CURE FOR CHRONIC DIARRHŒA.—Mrs. E. Gleason, of Salem, Dent Co., Mo., writes as follows: "Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhœa Remedy cured me of chronic diarrhœa after years of standing, when it seemed I could live no longer, I was growing so weak. I had tried several doctors in this state and several in Iowa, but they could do nothing for me. I was finally induced to try a bottle of your medicine. After using three bottles of it I was entirely cured. I cannot say enough in its praise. I wish that every family knew the worth of it as I do, and I am sure they would never do without it." For sale by W. F. Neisler, druggist. daw

CUPID'S CAPTIVES.

The Walston-Carver and Martin-Peniwell Weddings.

From Thursday's Daily.

The marriage of Bain Walston, of this city, to Miss Lola Carver, of Paris, Ill., took place yesterday morning at 9 o'clock at the home of the bride's parents in Paris, Rev. Brooks, of the Christian church, officiating. The ceremony was witnessed by only the immediate relatives and friends of the couple, among whom were the groom's parents, Dr. and Mrs. R. L. Walston, Mr. and Mrs. A. T. Summers, and Misses Louise and Anna Walston, of this city. The bride was attired in a neat-fitting traveling costume of broadcloth. The groom wore conventional black. Following the ceremony and congratulations, the company sat down to an elaborate wedding breakfast. The couple received many costly and useful presents, among which was a complete housekeeping outfit from the bride's parents. Mr. and Mrs. Bain Walston departed on the noon train for Chicago and will at once commence housekeeping. The REPUBLICAN extends congratulations and wishes them unlimited happiness in their new relation.

MARRIED AT ROSEMOND.

Will M. Martin, of this city, was married last evening at 5:30 o'clock to Miss Lillian Peniwell, at the home of the bride's mother in Rosemond, Ill. The residence was elaborately decorated for the occasion. Miss Kate Peniwell played the wedding march from Lohengrin, and Rev. P. F. Gay performed the ceremony. The beautiful bride was attired in a traveling costume of gray broadcloth, with natural flowers for ornaments. Misses Ella McRoberts and Grace Peniwell, both of this city, were attendants. A sumptuous wedding repast was served during the evening, and the congratulations extended the newly married couple were of the warmest nature. Among the valuable presents received were two checks for $100 each, one from the bride's mother and the other from the groom's father, and a sewing machine from N. F. Hill. Among the Decatur people present were G. L. Weaver, Mrs. John Peniwell, Miss Grace Peniwell, Henry Peniwell, Misses Mattie Sloan, Ella McRoberts and Clara Weyl, Charles Martin and James McRoberts. Others at the wedding were Mr. and Mrs. P. Martin, Macon; Miss Mollie Logan, Mrs. B. H. Logan, Mrs. H. Dorman, Mrs. E. K. Allshouse, Arcola, and Miss J. E. Smith, Monticello.

Mr. and Mrs. Martin arrived in the city last evening and went at once to their new home at 1362 North Main street, which was recently built and furnished by the groom. Both Mr. and Mrs. Martin are well-known and liked in this city, and they commence married life with the best wishes of hosts of friends.

Death of W. W. Watts.

From Friday's Daily.

William W. Watts, of 1805, Poplar street, St. Louis, colored porter on chair car 169, between St. Louis and Chicago, was fatally injured yesterday afternoon at Foosland station, while cutting off the dining car at that point. He had failed to set the brake of the diner before he made the jump to catch the moving train. He fell on the rail, and the diner wheels struck Watts, crushing his right leg close to the hip. He was picked up conscious and put on a special train to hurry him to the Wabash hospital at Springfield. He died at Bement and by order of officials was brought on to Decatur and taken to Bullard's undertaking rooms, where the body remained until this afternoon when it was forwarded to St. Louis. Watts has a mother and sister at St. Louis.

MARRIED.

At 8 p. m., September 9, at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Hiram Crockett, 727 West Marietta street, by Elder Robbins, of Illiopolis, Mr. Frank Aiken and Miss Laura Crockett.

The couple will reside on a farm near Decatur.

At the home of the bride's father, A. J. Weltmer, near Bearsdale, September 9, by Rev. Geo. E. Seringer, Hugh Park and Miss Laura Weltmer.

At his office by Justice Curtis, September 16, Albert E. Coombe and Miss Minnie Jones, both of Mt. Zion township.

By Justice Hammer, Sept. 10, James Sailor and Miss Lana I. Welch, both of Decatur.

By Judge Nelson, at his office, Sept. 10, Edward E. Cochran, of Clinton, Mo., and Miss Stella D. Adams, of Macon, Ill.

By Rev. W. L. Bankson, at Elwin, Sept. 3, Elmer Morris, of Decatur, and Miss Myrtle Burk, of Elwin

The couple will reside at 526 East William street, this city.

DIED.

On September 9 at 10 p. m. at 159 North Franklin street, Charles E. Stevens, aged 7 months and 16 days.

At the home of her daughter, Mrs. Charles Laux, at the St. Nicholas Hotel, on the evening of September 9, Mrs. Anna Kief, aged 77 years.

The deceased had been an invalid for a number of years. She was a native of County Monihan, Ireland, and had lived in America since a little girl. The surviving children are Mrs. A. J. Kelly, of Terre Haute, Ind.; Mrs. Anna Malloy, of Kansas City; Mrs. Kate Johns, of Chicago; Mrs. M. L. McDonald, of Oakland, Cal., and Mrs. Charles Laux, of this city.

At 10 a. m. Sept. 10, at 1112 North Calhoun street, of blood poisoning, Charles H. Collins, son of Patrick H. and Charlotte Collins, aged 4 years and 10 days.

A National Event.

The holding of the World's Fair in a city scarcely fifty years old will be a remarkable event, but whether it will really benefit the nation as much as the discovery of the Restorative Nervine by Dr. Franklin Miles is doubtful. This is just what the American people need to cure their excessive nervousness, dyspepsia, headache, dizziness, sleeplessness, neuralgia, nervous debility, dullness, confusion of mind etc. It acts like a charm. Trial bottle and fine book on "Nervous and Heart Diseases," with unequaled testimonials, *free* at W. O. Armstrong's. *It is warranted to contain no opium, morphine or dangerous drugs.* d&w

"Centemeri" Kid Gloves in Black and Colors, at Linn & Scruggs' Dry Goods & Carpet Co.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

WEEKLY REPUBLICAN.

ENTERED at the Postoffice at Decatur, Illinois as second class mail matter.

ANOTHER state bank was chartered by the Auditor of Public Accounts at Chicago yesterday.

ROSWELL P. FLOWER was nominated for Governor of New York by the Democratic state convention at noon yesterday, on the first ballot.

A GUN twenty feet long tested at the Washington navy yard recently threw a projectile 2180 feet in one second, and did not exceed a pressure of fifteen tons to the square inch of the chamber.

TWO MORE Philadelphia bankers have been sentenced to the penitentiary. They are Francis W. Kennedy, ex-president, and Henry H. Kennedy, ex-cashier of the Spring Garden National bank.

AUSTRIA will have to remove her unjust restrictions against American pork Germany and Denmark have done this, and France is about to follow their example. This is an American Administration.

GOV. CAMPBELL is advertised to deliver a speech next Wednesday, but it is doubtful if he will keep the appointment. The fact is that he has very little inducement to make speeches, and might as well let Major McKinley do all the talking.

THE Treasury is redeeming all the 4½ per cent bonds presented to it for this purpose. About twice as many are being continued at 2 per cent however as are being redeemed. This is a sign that no financial stringency is in sight, and it means also that the government's credit is pretty good.

WE call it states' rights doctrine in the United States. In Germany they call it particularism, which is not half so good a name. But that is what is the matter with Bavaria. The Bavarians are as jealous of any interference with them on the part of central government as a moonshine whisky distiller in the mountains of Tennessee.

THE brothers Gilleland, charged with the assassination of Sheriff McCargen at Somerset, Ky., were lynched. They both declared to the last that they were innocent of the murder. Those who engage in lynching men charged with crime assume awful responsibilities in every case where the commission of the crime has not been witnessed or confessed.

FASSETT is the only New York Republican gubernatorial candidate of the past fifteen or twenty years that the masses would throw up their hats for. He is young, ardent, fearless, honest, able and popular. He is in close touch with the people, knows and favors their interests, and will obtain their enthusiastic support on election day.

BUSINESS is business, but the fact that at New York yesterday there were received from Europe some bags containing $1,250,000 in gold coin which had been shipped from this country to Europe in the same bags last spring, is, to say the least, interesting. This gold was sent to Europe where it was used in paying balances, and has finally found its way back to the United States on the balance line. This gold was received at the Fourth National Bank.

THE *Inter-Ocean* says that the President of the National Association of Democratic Clubs and a select staff is about to swing across the continent on a campaigning tour. The President carries in his hat the following important manuands: "For Eastern states go light on silver. For Central farming states talk it pretty freely. For the Pacific states knock out the bund." It might have gone a little further and fixed up a scale for tariff questions also. That too will be tempered to suit the hide of the Democratic lambs in different sections of the country.

EUGENE FIELD, of the Chicago *News* improved the opportunity to study "Sockless Simpson" while the latter was there recently, and comes to the following conclusions: Sockless Simpson loves nothing better than to engage the time and attention of the intelligent public. He is just intelligent enough to recognize the power and beauty of intellect, yet he is not intelligent enough to have discovered that his store of knowledge is very, very slight and superficial. He is in a sense a Dennis Kearney, but he appeals for support to a much better class of people than Kearney ever pretended to associate with. Simpson is not actually a blatherskite; he is rather parasitic—a gangrenous fungus of border civilization consumed of an itch for notoriety. He is not vicious at all; he is simply one of those ephemeral growths that may be expected to appear over and anon upon the surface of the body politic, just as pimples and warts rise now and again upon the surface of the human skin—provoking a little temporary irritation, but bound to disappear by and by, and bound to disappear all the sooner if let alone. Sockless Simson and his crowd will have their day, and it will not be a very long day, either. The real smart thing to do is to give them all the rope they are clamoring for.

THE use of calomel for derangements of the liver has ruined many a fine constitution. Those who, for similar troubles, have tried Ayer's Pills testify to their efficacy in thoroughly remedying the malady, without injury to the system.

The Keeley Institute.

Nothing but the most encouraging reports come from the Dwight Institute for the cure of drunkards. The visible evidence of its potency are now seen in the forms of men, in large numbers, in almost every village and city in the country. The successful treatment of those who have become the slaves of strong drink, by which the burning and driving appetite for intoxicating liquor is destroyed, is the wonder of the hour. Those who were at first skeptical as to the possibility of such a result have nearly all yielded to indisputable evidence. They no longer demand a scientific explanation as to how such results can be compassed. It is enough when multitudes of beneficiaries are seen who offer the same unanswerable kind of argument used by the blind man when he said: "Whereas I was blind I now see." These men say: "Whereas I was the slave of an uncontrolable appetite for strong drink that appetite has been taken away by the Keeley bi-chloride of gold treatment." The desire for intoxicants having been obliterated the patient must again acquire it before he can again become a wreck. It is fair to assume that but few of those who have been cured will be foolish enough to again commit so unpardonable an error.

The treatment, too, is entirely harmless and leaves the system in its normal condition. The condition of the thousands who have been cured bears testimony to this fact. There is no reason why every person who is the subject of strong drink should not take advantage of the method of cure afforded as speedily as possible. Every such person owes it to himself, his family, his friends, and the community in which he lives.

Old Age Insurance Societies.

The goverments of France, Germany the Great Britain are studying schemes contemplating the laying aside of sums which will enable workingmen to have a pension after they are too old to labor. The Subject is one worthy the consideration of all people who work for wages.

It is not necessary, however, for the money to be under government control, as the German emperor desires it to be. Persons of every trade might mutually insure themselve. A small sum, so small that it would not be missed, could be put away every year, the person beginning when first starting in a trade, business or profession in youth.

There need be no army of officers to feed out of the assessments and no costly buildings to maintain. Managed on the plan of the buildings and loan associations that have proved such a benefit to working people, these mutual insurance societies would provide a fund for the old age of all their members. Teachers in some of the large cities have started such mutual insurances societies. Other trades and profession can do the same. From the funds accumulated by the moderate yearly assessments will be provided modest income to maintain in comfort all who are retired at a given age and all who are temporarily disabled by illness.

A Young Lady at the Throttle.

The Cairo and Kanawha Valley Railroad, a narrow-gauge line, connecting with the Baltimore and Ohio at Cairo claims the distinction of employing the only female railroad engineer in the United States. Her name is Miss Ida Hewett, the daughter of Col. Hewett, one of the principal stockholders of the road. Miss Ida, who is a comely and accomplished young woman under 20 years of age, has always had a peculiar fascination for machinery, and has spent a large portion of her time in the shops of the company. She finally became a machinist of no mean ability, and when she undertook the task of running an engine on the road her success was so great that she is now regularly employed in that capacity, and makes her daily run with as much regularity as the most veteran engineer. This is a remarkable accomplishment for a woman, and demonstrates what grit may accomplish with a well-balanced brain behind it—a brain that the development of women in recent years shows a large per cent. of that sex possess. When women begin to run trains there are a class of men that may be found in every community who had better get off the track.

Words, Words.

Solomon once said, "There is nothing new under the sun," or words to that effect, but when it comes to cute schemes to attract public attention, which embody both amusement and profit the chances are that Solomon never had any experience on that line.

We have had the conundrum era, the enigma era, the rebus era, the 13, 14, 15, era, the pigs in clover era, and now we have the words, words, era. All the children in the country are now engaged in compiling words from given phrases, names or sentences. In St. Louis a prize of $250 was offered by the lady managers of the St. Louis children's hospital to the person who sent in the greatest number of words contained in the sentence, "Let charity arouse your zeal." The contest closed Sept. 1. At that date 1,950 lists had been received. The prize was awarded to a lady who had formed correctly 4,901 words. Some of the lists ran as high as 29,059 words, but were so full of errors that under the rules they were rejected.

For the Schuttler, Moline and Capital Farm Wagons, go to the Spencer & Lehman Co., Decatur, Ill.
August 20-w6m

What McKinley Said.

Major McKinley should be looked after. He has been talking through his hat: On the Ohio stump the other day he said:

"Who pays the taxes? You do it all The foreigner does not pay a dollar. The tax gatherer does not reach him."

We refer the matter to McKinley's most ardent admirer, Editor Calhoun, who has been insisting all along that the tariff taxes are paid by the foreigners.—*Decatur Review.*

Since the *Review* has so kindly referred the matter to us we might be considered discourteous to pass it by without giving it some attention and we refer that part of Maj. McKinley's speech to Editor Donahue from which the above garbled extract was taken. This is what McKinley said:

Whose country is this, who made it, who built it, who improved your great water-ways, who pays for all the improvements, *who pays the taxes? You did it all. The foreigner does not pay a dollar. The tax gatherer can not reach him*, the government is not strong enough to reach him. It can not make him serve in our army and help fight the battles of the country, and protect the flag when it is in danger; it can reach you.

The tax gatherer can go into your homes and tax your industries, your business, your income. The government can come into your home when the country is in danger and take the flower of your family, your boy, and put him in the line of battle to stand between the country and its enemies.

The only way to reach the foreigner is to meet him at the ports on our seaboard when he comes here with his products to sell them in the best market in the world. The only way is to meet him there and clap on the taxes—make him help pay your taxes for the privilege of selling in your market. [Cheers.]

"Ask the Canadian farmer how he likes protection. He is opposed to it; he comes over to Buffalo with his wheat to compete with the farmers with the farmers of Erie county in their market. The Erie farmer gets $1 for his wheat. The Canadian farmer also gets $1 for his wheat, but he takes home only 75 cents, for we compel him to leave 25 cents on every bushel to help you pay your taxes. [Cheers.]

"The tariff bill was made for America; [cheers] every line in it is American and patriotic. [Amen.]

"I thank God I am not running for office in Europe. If I were I would be defeated in advance. If Europe had her way she would defeat me here and she would repeal our tariff laws at once. But Europe is not running this government." ["That's so. We'll show her in November," from the crowd.]

It will be seen that to make its point the *Review* broke in at the middle of a sentence and ended at the middle of another, which is certainly not only eminently unfair but unpardonable. A reform party, such as the Democratic party is claimed to be, ought not to feel under the necessity of resorting to such tricks, and to resort to them shows that the Democratic leaders themselves have little confidence in the safety of the party in a square fight.

The general government has no tax gatherers among the people, except the internal revenue tax gatherer, but the state has, and it is clear from what follows that Major McKinley spoke only of state taxation, and the power of the government to tax the people, if necessary.

Major McKinley very clearly says the only way to reach the foreigner is to meet him at the ports or on seaboard. There is no ambiguity in the speech. The logic of this extract is the logic of protection. It argues that it is best for the country to protect its own people in business—that a man who manufactures a yard of cloth on American soil for Americans is better for the government than the man who manufactures a yard of cloth on English soil and sells it in America. The American becomes an American benefactor, but the English laborer or manufacturer is of no benefit to this government because this government cannot use him. The following, among many similar facts, illustrates this point:

In July, 1890, the manufacturers of Bradford, England, sold Americans silks and seal plushes worth $270,000. In July, 1891, we bought of them in this of goods only to the amount of $35,000.

The McKinley law has transferred the seal plush industry to the United States, and those who are engaged in the manufacture of $235,000 worth of plushes that a year ago were made in Europe are a benefit, as citizens, to our government, because they support our schools, our churches and pay taxes; whereas, those who made the $235,000 worth of plushes in Europe were of no benefit to us. In justice to its readers the *Review* ought to publish the above extract from McKinley's speech and make an apology for deceiving such simon-pure Democrats as are overcredulous.

England to China.

The Chinese government has been notified by the British government that if it cannot control its own people foreign powers would take the matter in hand. This, which is practically an ultimatum, grows out of China's failure to promptly and adequately punish those of its subjects engaged in the recent murder of Christians. England, as a matter of security against future murders, demands that Honan, the hot-bed of anti-foreign sentiment in China, be opened to foreign trade.

The government of England, which is backed, no doubt, by other powers, has pursued a humane and prompt course in this matter, which will, no doubt, lead to happy results. China must be taught tolerance in the matter of religion, or must take a much lower place among the nations of the earth. She has reached an era when she will be forced to choose that which she may prefer.

THEY are arresting me again. You will take notice, Miss Eva, that you don't stack up as the only famous human being now on the globe.—*Tascott.*

Experience of A Democratic Farmer.

The following letter written to the American *Economist* explains itself and can stand on its own bottom without danger of being misunderstood;

EDITOR AMERICAN ECONOMIST: The anecdote given in your issue of August 21, as taken from the Oskaloosa *Herald*, may be supplemented by the experience of a Democrat farmer of this place. This man, usually forehanded with his business, not giving to reading the papers, whose political doctrine is to believe all the Democratic teachers say, and to plump it steight for the Democratic nominee every election day, had last fall been stuffed full of high McKinley prices. Thinking he would be ahead in one thing, at least, he laid in a supply of binding twine, for which he paid 14 cents per pound, wholesale, for medium grade article. The harvest of this year being about over, he brought his wife to town to get supplies for threshing. At same time he brought a load of corn which he sold for 60 cents per bushel. He sold his wheat for $1 per bushel, and a bunch of hogs for $5.65 per hundred pounds, live weight. He then hunted his wife up and paid her bills. She had bought three tin cups for a dime; good calico for 4 cents per yard, and the best granulated sugar for 5 cents per pound. He then stepped into a hardware store and bought a keg of nails for $1.80, and needing a few pounds of binding twine for late harvest he was given the best manilla twine for 10 cents per pound. This knocked the old fellow clean out. He contemplated the ceiling a few moments and then communed with himself thus: "The best manilla binding twine for 10 cents per pound, three tin cups for a dime, good calico for 4 cents a yard, 20 pounds best white sugar for $1, a whole keg of nails for $1.80; corn 60 cents per bushel, and I sold 300 bushels at that price and got the cash; hogs, $5.65 per hundred pounds on foot; wheat $1 per bushel, and 30 bushels to the acre; if only Cleveland was President this would be a fine time."

WM COMMINS.

Union City, Ind., August 26, 1891

Describing Land.

In Illinois, the garden spot of the universe, where lands have been platted by sections, and are described by number, section lines and half and quarter section lines as accurately as if it were marked upon a blackboard, the average "sucker" becomes familiar with this easy method. But in the eastern states, among the hills and rocks and streams, the description of land, by metes and bounds, is not so easy, and when some of these descriptions come before an old Illinoisian it always amuses him. Here is one, for instance, taken from a notice of a sheriff's sale of land in Cumberland county, Pa., published in the Carlisle *Herald*:

It being part of a tract of land lying partly in Cumberland and partly in Perry counties, to wit: Beginning at a post in road by land formerly John K. Beidler's, thence south 64½ degrees, west 9½ perches to a post at southwest corner of garden, thence north 21½ degrees, west 13½ perches to a post, thence north 12½ degrees, west 36 perches to a post, thence north 11½ degrees, west 58 perches to stones near hickory, thence north 86¾ degrees, east 21 degree to a chestnut, thence along Bloomfield, south 89½ degrees, east 33.4 perches to a post, thence south 31 degrees, east 32½ perches to place of beginning, containing 10 acres and 72 perches, more or less, having thereon erected a three-story frame house, known as "Mountain House," frame stable and outbuildings.

This is the description of a tract containing 10 acres more or less. An Illinois sheriff would want an increase of salary in case he had to wrestle with such meandering lines.

ST. LOUIS *Globe-Democrat*: The Republican party is the only party which has done anything for the good of the country in the past third of a century, and its record in this line in the past eleven or twelve months compares favorably with its work in the same length of time at any previous date since the close of the rebellion. Since last October it has opened important markets to the country in the West Indies and South America, has saved $50,000,000 a year to the people in the price of sugar, and has secured an entrance for American pork, bacon, lard and other hog products into Germany. This is the sort of a record that brings votes.

ACCORDING to a census bulletin the total value of real and personal property in Kansas is $900,000,000 Its mortgage debt is $233,485,108, which is only 27 per cent. of the estimated true value. The average amount of debt per mortgaged acre is $6.65. The total amount of mortgage debt on land is $167,145,639; on lots $6,834,069. The counties carrying the heaviest debt are: Sedgwick, $12,629,936; Shawnee, $11,892,090; Cowley, $7,527, 418; Reno, $7,429,589; Sumner, $5,566,042, and McPherson, $5,040,949. This looks bad for the statements of the calamity shriekers.

PEORIA *Transcript*: One of the new rifled mortars for coast defense that was recently tested, sent a shell through a steel target four and one-half inches thick. The shell was empty when fired, and it was decided by the officials when making the test that had it been loaded with its charge of 250 pounds of powder and struck on the deck of an iron-clad, that it would have blown a hole clear through the vessel. Now let Secretary Proctor clip this out and send it to Guatemala with the demand that it take it all back.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria

THE man who never praises his wife deserves to have a poor one.

Troutman News.

We have lost some little time in editorial work.

The corn crop is ripening very fast, and is out of the way of frost. Sowing wheat and cutting corn is the general work now.

The infair of Hugh Park and bride was celebrated at R. M. Park's residence last Thursday. A general invitation was given to all the old neighbors. A fine dinner, with everything good to eat, was served. The young couple received many nice presents and the best wishes of all present.

A good many of our young folks attended church at Bolting Springs last Sunday evening, and on their way home Mrs. Perry Vance had an accident with her horse, caused by some boys riding by very fast. John Gulick's horse got scared, wheeled around and started on a dead run and collided with Charlie Troutman's buggy. The horse freed himself from the buggy and threw John several feet on his head and shoulder. Luckily no one was hurt.

Dr. Constant and wife and Miss Ogden started to their home at St. Charles last Monday, after a four weeks' visit among relatives.

Sunnyside School commenced last week.

Our base ball club played with the Warrensburg club and got beaten.

Rev. Bryant preached his last sermon before conference last Sunday There was a good attendance.

Mr L. F. Hosck and family, Mr. Gulick and family and Mr. Wm Kaylor and family visited Postmaster Troutman Sunday.

Misses Etta and Dora Troutman paid us a visit yesterday.

Wm. Sawyer thrashed his clover seed this week.

Mr Loring is unloading the rock from the cars for the Leonard culvert. J. Housman and J. Leonard have the contract for hauling the stone.

Doc Church has built a new barn.

R. M Park is looking for a new location. He will retire from farming. Hugh Park will farm the home place

Mrs H. Preston, of Chicago, will visit the Troutmans on her return from Kansas.

Mr. Mortlock, of Chicago, is looking for a location in Decatur and visiting us for that purpose. SUB.

Sept. 16.

BOSTON STORE,

143 NORTH WATER ST.

From the Delineator for September.

BANNOCKBURNS

Are an exact imitation of the *finest all wool* Scotch Homespuns, and resemble so closely the *rough effects* in Fine Dress Goods (which are so popular just now) that it is difficult to distinguish one from the other except by close examination.

We take pleasure in announcing that this remarkable production is now for sale at the BOSTON STORE,

PRICE, 15c A YARD.

Jas. G. Walker & Co.

BOSTON STORE.

SPECIAL THINGS

—AT—

THE FAIR

—OF—

Weaver & Lewis,

THIS WEEK.

"NEVER BREAK" Wrought Steel Cooking Utensils---The Best Ware Ever Made.

"Never Break" Wash Kettles,	98c
"Never Break" Spiders	38c
"Never Break" Flaring Kettles,	$1.38
"Never Break" Cake Griddles,	55c

Ask our salesmen to show them to you.

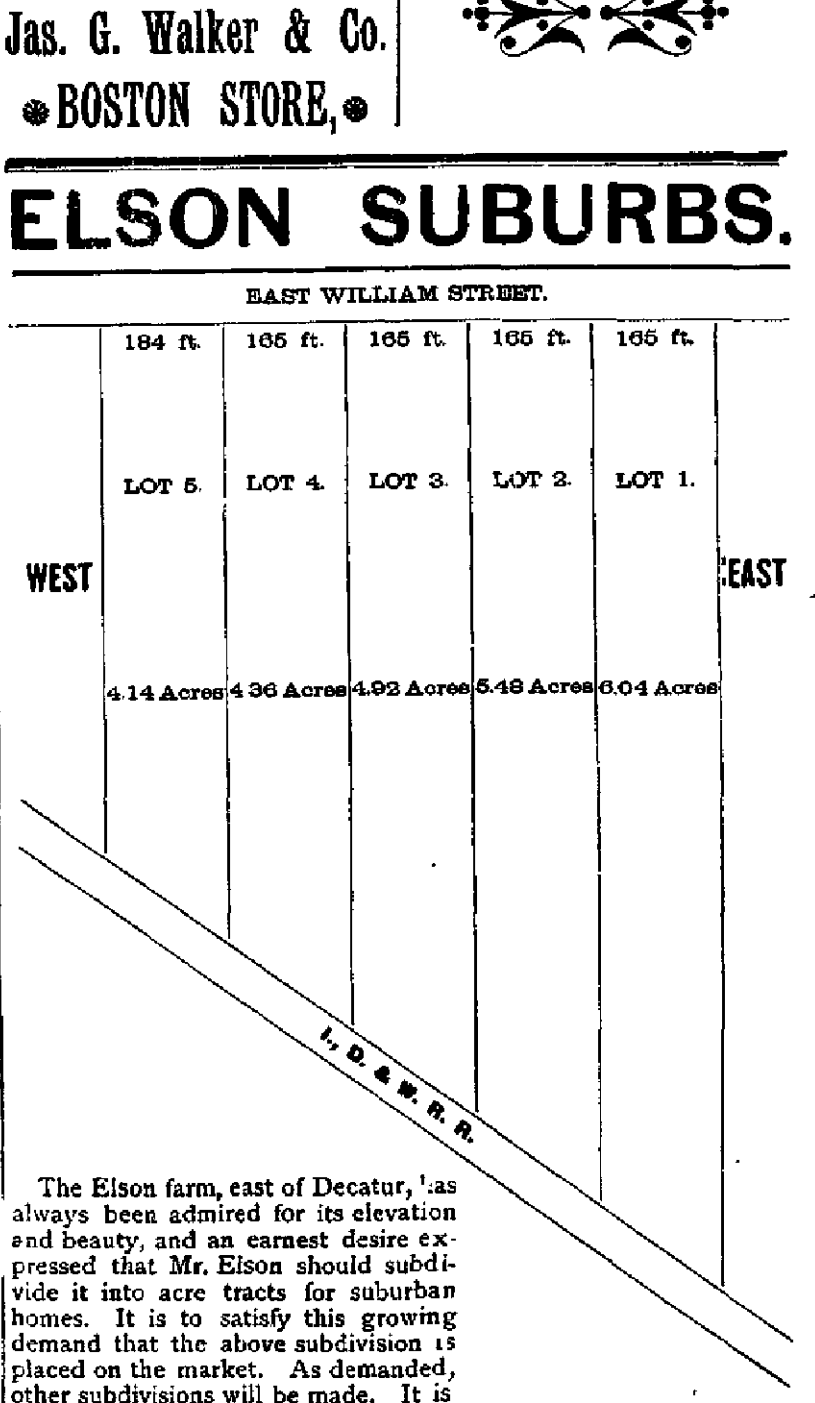
Salt and Sugar Boxes from 10c up.	
New Clothes Baskets from 30c up.	
Brass Bird Cages,	75c
Japanned Bird Cages,	68c
Clothes Wringers,	$1.90
The Novelty Wringers, only	2.00
Tubs,	55c and 65c
Granite Kettles,	75c
Brass Kettles,	50c
Large, White-Lined Kettles,	40c
Large Glass Oil Cans,	45c
The Best Lantern,	45c
Web Halters,	25c
Whips,	15c, 25c and 35c
Bed Quilts,	98c
Covered Slates,	8c up

10,000 TIN-TOP JELLY GLASSES.

We Show More HANDY ARTICLES for the House than any other place in the city.

THE FAIR.

ELSON SUBURBS.



The Elson farm, east of Decatur, has always been admired for its elevation and beauty, and an earnest desire expressed that Mr. Elson should subdivide it into acre tracts for suburban homes. It is to satisfy this growing demand that the above subdivision is placed on the market. As demanded, other subdivisions will be made. It is the intention to make the "Elson Suburbs a choice resident neighborhood, and above lots are offered to those who wish to erect two-story residences, and who will cooperate in making the Suburbs a place of beautiful homes. This subdivision lies south of William St. and east of its intersection with the I., D. & W. Ry For prices and particulars, call on Mr. Elson or J. M. Clokey, Court House Block.

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

ALLUMINUM THIMBLES

—ARE—

HARDER THAN SILVER,
BRIGHTER THAN SILVER,
LIGHTER THAN SILVER,

More Durable than any other Metal, and only cost

25 CENTS EACH,

—AT—

OTTO E. CURTIS & BRO.'S,

Leading Jewelers.

$1.25

G. W. POWERS.

This is the Name we wish you to RMEMBER when you want Good Shoes at the poor man's Prices.

THE ABOVE SHOE IS ALL SOLID And First-Class in Every Respect.

STRIPPED HER NAKED.

How a Highly Respected Woman was Recently Dealt With.

Mrs. Eunice Steele lives in Champaign, this state. She was married a short time ago and she and her friends went to Bloomington on the wedding trip. The two gentlemen who accompanied the newly wedded pair were a Mr. Dempster and a Mr. Robinson. On the train one of these men got into conversation with the express agent. When the train arrived in Bloomington the agent missed $180, and as the wedding party seemed to be well supplied with money they were accussed of the theft. Protest was useless. They explained the situation and who they were but it was of no avail. In broad day light the party were marched through the streets to the police station under charge of officers and there held. The complaint was made by two conductors of the Wabash and an operator, J. O. House. The men were searched for the missing money, but no evidence of it obtainable. The woman was stripped by two outcasts of the city—Mollie Drennan and Hat Swallow—in an endeavor to find it on her person. The minutest portion of her clothing was gone through, but the search was fruitless. They were held for examination, Alderman Brewer going on their bonds. Soon after this the culprit had been discovered and when that was made known the charge against these persons was withdrawn.

Mrs. Steele, through her attorney, John O. Snigg, filed her declaration in the circuit court Saturday afternoon against the Wabash company, the conductors and the operator the in sum of $5,000 damages. During the week separate suits will be begun by Mr. Snigg on behalf of Mr Steele, Dempser and Robinson for the same amount and against the same parties. It was contemplated to bring an action against the officers who made the arrest, but while there might be some satisfaction in the conviction there would be no prospect for a recovery of any sum.

Sales of Real Estate.

Florence McCarty to James McEvoy, deed to lot 8, block B, J. T. B. Stapp's addition, $550.

C. B. Albietz to T. A. Bone and L. A. Mills, deed to lot 4, block 5, Cassell's 4th addition, $1400.

D. H. Heilman to C E. Fox, quit claim to 85 acres in 2, 18, 1 east, $360 89.

D. W. Vangundy to C M Farnum, deed to 143 acres in 5, 14, 3 east, $7200.

W. D. Hobson and John Hobson to Silas Hobson, quit claim to tract of land in 26, 16, 1 east, $1 00

W. H. Cartmean to A T. Risley, deed to 10 acres in 34, 16, 1 east, $300

J. T. Ward to S R. Wilson, deed to lots 3 and 4, block 20, Lewis' addition to Blue Mound, $200.

Samuel May to Hortense M. Collins, deed to lot 1, block 3, H Robinson's addition, $1700.

T. A. Bone to Elizabeth Albietz, lot 2, Montgomery & Hall's add to Decatur—$500.

Mary N. Newell to Mary Drobisch, lot 8, block 5, Crowder & Cornthwait's add to Decatur—$200.

Mary F. Newell to Judson H. Drobisch, 34 feet off of the south side of lot 8, block 1, Durfee & King's add to Decatur—$2,000.

John Priest to James M. Miller, deed to lot 2, Miller & Packard's addition—$850.

John Buckingham to Elias Buckingham and Bently K. Hoffert, deed to 40 acres of land in 8, 16, 4 east—$2400.

Phil W. Taylor, jr., to W. W Gleasner, lot 1, block 2, J. K. Warren & Co.'s 9th addition to Decatur, $750.

W. P. Thomas to Evan Thomas, jr., lot 10, block 2, Evan Thomas' 1st sub-division of the southeast quarter of 12, 16, 2 east, $100.

John L. Thomas to Evan Thomas, jr., lot 1, block 2, Evan Thomas' sub-division of the southwest quarter of 12, 16, 2 east, $150.

James Milhkin, trustee, to Ed Higgins, lot 5, block 4, Gatling's addition to Decatur, $825.

Wm. Murray to William C. Murray, 24 acres in 25, 16, 3 east, $2210.

Mary J. Cole to Maria Buffington, lot 4, block 3, B. H. Cassell's 3rd addition to Decatur, $1300.

J. P. Faris to J. H. Andrews, lot 10, in block 3, in Niantic, $100.

J. Ulodofski to John Kamins, lot 5, block 7, in Peddecord & Burrows' addition, $700.

Chas. W. Frances to Jacob Major, lot 6, block, Ritchie's addition to Warrensburg—$700.

W. W. Binkley to C. C. H. Cowen, lots 12 and 13, block 13, village of Warrensburg—$350.

C. C. H. Cowen to Isabell Riggs, lots 1 and 2, block 11, village of Warrensburg—$1.

C. H. Walton to J L. Veech, lot 27, of the nw qr of 2; also 10 acres in the ne qr of the nw qr of the ne qr of 3, all in 16, 3 east—$500.

Thos. Finn to Annie McMahon, the ne cor of lot 3, block 3, Prather, Martin & Gatling's add to Decatur—$2,000.

W. F. Pickle to John Martin, lot 5, block 1, Higgins' add to Decatur—$1,000.

J. G. Auer to G. W. Kaylor, lot 1, Gibbs' add to Decatur—$3,500.

Sullivan Sneaks.

Burt Woodruff, Ed Woodruff and John Shaw, of Sullivan, all young men, have left, leaving letters behind saying that it would not be worth while to look for them, saying they had gone for good. Woodruff was the son of a prosperous farmer and had been married only a few months. He had just sold his corn and had about $400 to $500. Ed Porter was treasurer of the Knights of Pythias lodge and drew out all the lodge money, about $125, before starting. Woodruff was bondsman to the lodge for Porter It is believed that they went to western Nebraska or Denver. A warrant is out for Porter's arrest.

From the very nature of things revolutions may be expected once in a while among turners.

Trials do not weaken us. They only show us that we are weak.

A HISTORICAL PICTURE.

Kiralfy's Nero is a Correct Representation of the Scenes in Nero's Life.

Nero at his zenith surrounded by the pomp and gorgeousness of his infamous reign was not a more grandly terrible spectacle than Imrie Kiralfy has made him in the supremely splendid spectacular production called "Nero, or the Destruction of Rome," which is to be seen under the absolutely water-proof tent of Barnum & Bailey's greatest show on earth in Decatur Friday, Sept. 18th. Kiralfy conceived the idea of producing a historical spectacle, realistic in lifelike proportions, and Barnum & Bailey authorized him to carry out his plans in fullest detail. Beside this spectacle all his former efforts sink into insignificance. It is a masterpiece. From the terpsichorean schools of Europe he has selected a ballet of 400, with nimbleness and grace a prerequisite for choice. A thousand actors, drilled by Kiralfy himself, compose the action in the spectacle The theme presents broad opportunities for dramatic climaxes. Brilliant pageantry and striking tableaux follow one upon the other, making the most magnificent scene of this early period ever presented in America. It pictures Nero as he appeared when he was greatest, and represents his decline and tragic fall. The third tableau, showing the arena, serves to introduce reckless chariot races, camel and elephant races, and a fearful gladiatorial combat. There is a glimpse of Nero at his sumptuous banqueting table, then he dies by his own hand and there is a burst of glory, a vision of prophecy and the dawn of Christianity is seen.

The spectacle was exhibited in London for three months and visited by the Royal family. It ran for six weeks at Madison Square Garden, New York.

News from Macon.

Samuel Alexander is very sick.

William Towson's new brick building is looming up.

H. A Kitch and Chris Ensly were in Decatur Saturday.

There are four or five Macon boys attending school in Decatur.

Leonard Stohr is erecting a new house west of the Presbyterian church.

Miss Clara Hight and Jesse Smith are attending school in Greencastle, Ind.

There is strong talk of having water works in Macon. Water or no water is being talked.

Mr. Hemphill and family have rented rooms at the Ruby hotel and will make Macon their future home.

Evangelist Black filled the Methodist pulpit last Sunday morning and evening, and Rev. Bradford, of Taylorville, preached at the Presbyterian church.

Drs. Tobey & Boggs have moved their drugs into a rear room of their office and repapered the front room. They also have repainted and reroofed the office building.

Fleet as the Wind.

Aloha, the horse owned by J. P. Smallwood is becoming a wonder. Speaking of his time at the Saturday races at Garfield Park the Chicago *Herald* said: "His time was phenomenal" At the Garfield Park meeting Aloha has won seven purses, in all aggregating $7,215, and in addition to this he has won from $300 to $400 in scratches during the same meeting. His winnings for the season will amount to the snug some of at least $10,000. The purses won at the Garfield Park meeting are unique and beautiful, being made of brocaded and embroidered silk and satin, richly adorned with tassels and ribbons. While they are rich and beautiful to look upon it is fair to presume that their contents, as they hung on the wire, were of more interest to the winner, as he plucked them, than the beautiful array of colors in silk.

Suicide of a Vandalia Girl.

Kattie, the pretty 16 year-old daughter of James Allison of Seminary township, committed suicide Saturday, by drowning in the Okaw river. Her parents had forbidden her going to a dance in the neighborhood and she brooked over the disapointment till she finally determined to drown herself. She arose about midnight, dressed herself and wrote a note to her parents, in which she said she had decided to kill herself and directed them where to fine her body. Before daylight many neighbors were searching for the missing girl. They went to the shore where she had directed and found her footprints on the edge of the bank, and not twenty steps farther down the stream was found lodged against a clump of brush near the water's edge the still warm but lifeless body of Kattie Allison.

Indicted.

The Piatt county grand jury has indicted the Rev. Henry Howell on three counts charging him with bigamy, adultery and fornication. He is the man who brought the famous southern belle, Alice Mann, from Florida to his home at LaPlace, while he had a wife in the same house. His sons had him arrested and bound over to court Mrs. Howell has applied for a divorce. The trials will be very sensational, as all the parties are well-known and wealthy.

DIED.

At the residence of his parents, Sunday, September 13th, Reginald Daniels, aged 10 months and 18 days.

Removed from this world in the innocence and purity of infancy, a sure, sweet heritage is his, and however much his bereaved father and mother mourn him, they must feel that their loss is his eternal gain.

O, little feet, life's rugged road
You will not have to tread,
But upward to God's blest abode
By angel guides be led

On September 14, at the home of his parents, 722 North Charles street, Charles, the infant son of Mr. and Mrs Wm Shultz, aged 1 year and 3 months

At 126 West Jefferson street, Wednesday, September 16, at 7 a. m., of summer complaint, Muriel, son of Mr and Mrs William O. Jarrett, aged one year

On East Herkimer street, September 15, at 9 55 a. m., of cholera infantum, George, infant son of Mr. and Mrs. William Slaughter, aged one year and five days.

THREE BARGAINS IN SILKS

This Week.

25 Pieces

of Figured India Silks at 39c, original value 60c a yard.

20 Pieces

of Printed China Silks and Bengalines at 49c, regular price 75c.

19 Pieces

of Cold Swivel Silks, including all the best colors, 19 inches wide, at 75c a yard. This Silk is a regular dollar quality.

❋ OUR NEW DRESS GOOODS ❋

Are Attracting Early Buyers.

Bradley Bros.

Agents for the Jouvin Kid Gloves.
Gloves Fitted to the Hand and Quality Warranted.

Corner of Water and William Streets.

THE PUBLIC

Is cordially invited to our OPENING, on THURSDAY EVENING, SEPTEMBER 17, from 7:30 to 10 o'clock, to inspect our new and handseme quarters, Masonic Temple Block.

PROGRAMME.

Goodman's Band,

PROF. R. WALTER, Leader.

1. March, "Washington Post," . . Sousa
2. Overture, "The Night Wanderer," . . . . . Moskow
3. "The Ball of the Hen-Coop Knights," . . . . . Laurendeau
4. Waltzes, "Imortelien" . . . . . Joe Gung'l
5. "Rosy Cheeks," Song and Dance, ... Laurendeau
6. The Hunt for Happiness Fantasia, ... M. Brande
7. Introduction and Dance, (Characteristic,) . . . . . Th. D. Perkins
8. "Beyer's Annual," medley selection, ... Beyer
9. "Golden Blond" Caprice, . . . Ellenberg
10. Bric-a-Brac," Medley Overture . . . . . V. Miesud

OTTENHEIMER & Co.

Decatur's Progressive Leaders in Clothing and Furnishings.

NO GOODS SOLD OR SHOWN OPENING EVENING.

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. Archer, M. D., 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Castoria cures Colic, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, Eructation, Kills Worms, gives sleep, and promotes digestion, Without injurious medication.

The Centaur Company, 77 Murray Street, N. Y.

NewspaperARCHIVE®
NewspaperARCHIVE®

WEEKLY REPUBLICAN.

ENTERED at the Postoffice at Decatur, Illinois as second class mail matter.

JUDGE COOLEY has resigned the chairmanship of the Inter-State Commerce Commission.

THE *Inter-Ocean* has been reduced in price to 2 cents a copy. We predict that this reduction will result in largely increasing its circulation and influence.

THE Eastern roads made a tie vote on the proposition to declare the boycott of the Alton off. General passenger agents unite in saying that it must be declared off or it will disorganize business.

DURING the entire four years of the Cleveland administration the farmers did not have as much done for them as has been done by the Harrison administration in the single matter of securing the removal of the German prohibition against American pork.

A MASSACHUSETTS newspaper asks some home questions as follows: "Are tin dinner pails higher in price than last fall? No. Did Democratic organs predict that they would be? Yes. Did the Democratic organs lie? Answering its own question it says: "They did, and the truth is not in them.

THROUGH the influence of our genial friend, Col. Clark E. Carr, Consul General to Denmark, that country has also removed the embargo from American pork and will hereafter accept our American inspection. Our American hog is in it, and it now looks as if, in the language of Hon. of Michigan, that some of the Kansas farmers had better raise more hogs and less *sheol*.

THE Democrats insist that Republicans are ignoring the tariff issue in Ohio, and Roger Q. Mills is to spend a couple of weeks in the state to force that question to the front. About the time Mills gets the tariff question well started, according to his peculiar free trade notions, the Democracy of Ohio will suddenly feel like the darky who examined the mule's heels.

THE McKinley tariff law provides for a bounty of 2 cents a pound on sugar made in this country, giving a stimulus to the home-manufactured article. It is announced that a beet sugar factory to cost $600,000 is to be erected at Galesburg, Ill.—a direct result of the tariff legislation of the last Congress. The blessings of the McKinley bill are showered upon all Americans.

AN automatic rifle was tested at Fort Sheridan yesterday. The test was satisfactory and demonstrated the utility of the highest improvement yet attained in rapid firing. The mechanism of the gun is operated by liberated gas generated by the explosion of the cartridges. By only pressing the trigger nine cartridges required to fill the magazine are discharged in from two to five seconds.

THE proposed joint debate between McKinley and Campbell, at Ada, has produced the result we foresaw, but failed to mention. The Governor is worse, and his physicians (who, by the way, are probably the managers of his campaign) declare that they may be compelled to send him to the seashore. Salt breezes before election and Salt river after election appear to be the measure of the Democratic program.—*Cleveland Leader.*

PEORIA *Transcript:* Mary Lincoln, the daughter of the American Minister to England and grand-daughter to the Emancipator, was recently married in London. Her husband is Mr. Charles B. Isham, of Chicago. Doubtless the woman could have married an English Duke or Earl, but having Lincoln and Harlan blood in her veins she preferred a plain, honest, sturdy American sovereign. The couple cannot enjoy a happier marital career than the American people heartily wish them.

THE *Review* very considerately informs the prohibitionists, should they find themselves out of a job as the result of the bichloride of gold treatment for the cure of drunkards, that the Democratic party has treated them with considerate tolerance. Are we to infer from this that the Democrats are opposed to the new treatment and will not invoke the relief it promises, and consequently the prohibitionists, under the condition the *Review* anticipates, may find a regular and steady job within its ranks?

THE Chicago *Journal* is responsible for saying that there would seem to be an incongruity in the case of Simpson. He wears gold-rimmed spectacles but goes without socks. He has a $6-a-day room at a first-class hotel, while making speeches asserting that the farmers who support him in luxury are bankrupt. He has a farm a mile square in Kansas, worth $25,000, the result of thirteen year's farming, and says Kansas farming brings ruin, distress and death. How long will this egregious fraud last?

AN advertisement of a cutlery establishment says: "We have no use for McKinley. His infamous bill has advanced the wages of every cutler in the United States, while the retail price of knives has not advanced one cent, except with those who impose on their customers." Practical men in the business seem to understand that the McKinley tariff helps labor while it does not increase prices. The best tariff study is in the newspaper advertisements. They contradict every free-trade falsehood and fallacy.

ALWAYS carry with them—from.

Misrepresenting McKinley.

Democratic leaders have been troubled in no small degree on account of the fact that the new tariff law has become popular with the people. In order to discount its beneficial effects they have opened up with the assumption that McKinley, as a candidate for governor of Ohio, is doing his best to dodge a discussion of the tariff. This is the rankest dishonesty and is done for no other purpose than to deceive the people outside of Ohio and if possible lead them to believe that McKinley himself is shaky on the subject. This Democratic scheme proves but one thing, and that is that the Democratic leaders themselves are afraid to meet protectionists on a fair field in a contest between the benefits of protection, as already demonstrated by the new tariff law, and the barren theory of a tariff for revenue only. They know that such a contest would to-day, as it has done in the past, unhorse the Democratic theorists. Not a Democratic leader but knows that McKinley was nominated in Ohio because the successful effects of his bill have made him popular. Having been so nominated it follows that McKinley could not be supposed, on any line of reasoning, to be dodging a discussion of the very measure which brought him his nomination. Major McKinley has not been dodging this question, but he by a fair and manly discussion of the question is making many Democratic heads dodge. For example, at a meeting a few days ago a Democrat who had been reading something about the low price of wool concluded he would give the Major a poser and asked him why wool under the new tariff was only worth 28 and 29 cents in Ohio? Mr. McKinley very considerately drew from his pocket the London wool quotations and showed him that Australian wool is quoted in London at 17 cents. He then asked if the people of Ohio preferred Ohio tariff wool at 28 cents or free trade wool at 17 cents. That settled it, and Democrats joined with the Republicans in cheering.

No, there is no reason why McKinley should dodge the tariff question. If he for one moment should show a disposition to dodge it, he would and should suffer an inglorious defeat. He said in a speech to the farmers at Smyrna, O., on Tuesday: "You have the best tariff you ever had, [cheers] and I am willing to acknowledge that I helped to make it. I have no apologies to offer to the people of this country or to the people of Europe for the part I took in reforming the tariff." [Cheers.]

THERE is so much truth agreable to American ears floating around in relation to the beneficial effects of the new tariff law that some of it, in spite of the free trade cat in the Decatur *Review* office, is occasionally slipped into that paper. Wednesday morning there appeared in the telegraphic columns of the Prairie street organ, among other things in a London opinion of our tariff law, the following:

Interviews with several leading manufacturers and exporters show that the metal trade is the one principally affected in the Liverpool district, and the tin plate trade particularly. There is complete stagnation in this industry at present. American buyers, to anticipate the working of the new tariff as far as practicable, imported during the six months prior to July 1, when the new rate went into effect, more than enough tin plate to supply a year's demand. The big manufacturers here are all hopeful that that there will be a change in the law after the next presidential election.

It may be, however, that our contemporary has become proud of the fact that England's interests are advanced to the detriment of our own by the success of the Democratic party.

About Tin Ore.

Our townsman, A. J. Williams, who some time ago spent a few years in the Black Hills prospecting, hands us what seems to be a fine specimen of tin ore, which he secured from one of the many tin ore deposits in that country. The specimen appears to contain about 3 per cent of pure tin oxide. This calls to mind the fact that the product of the Black Hills mines was tested as early as 1886 at the Hatton-garden, London, Melting and Assay office, the result of which was, as certified by the assayers, as follows:

MELTING AND ASSAY OFFICE,
HATTEN-GARDEN, LONDON, E. C., Nov. 27, 1886.

The Harney Peak Tin Mining and Milling Company (Limited):

We have crushed, mixed and carefully assayed the parcels of Harney Peak tin ore specified hereunder and find the following to be the result:

Weight, 10 tons, 3 cwts., 2 qrs., 17 lbs., net; part of shipment of 40 tons per (ship) Erin.

Analytical contents of pure metallic tin 2.80 per cent., or 62.72 pounds per ton of ore. Produce of pure metallic tin reduced from the black tin obtained from hand-washing 2.51 per cent., equivalent to 71.46 pounds clean black tin per ton of 2,240 pounds of ore.

JOHNSON, MATTHEY & CO.

Calamity Howlers Silenced.

The fact that the net gold in the Treasury has increased almost $15,000,000 within two months, that all obligations have been promptly met, and all maturing obligations can be promptly met, makes the calamity howlers feel very blue. The ample provision for payment of the 4½ per cents, without touching the $100,000,000 gold reserve bullion fund or straitening the treasury in the least is the best answer to the stupid talk of bankruptcy.

The treasury of the United States is in a sound condition, and Secretary Foster has amply vindicated the wisdom of President Harrison in selecting him to succeed the lamented Windom.

The Best

French and American Corsets can always be found at Linn & Scruggs D. G. & C. Company.

In Self Defense.

The Kansas Republican League has issued an address denying the falsehoods put out by designing demagogues to the discredit of that state. The following extract from the address will bear careful reading:

"Our debts stand for our investments, and not for our losses. They represent our enterprise, and not our poverty. They will be paid, to the last penny, in the legal currency of the country—not a coin clipped, not a dollar depreciated." Kansas is emerging from an era of general depression that is not limited to state lines nor confined to the jurisdiction of Republican administrations. Kansas has shared misfortunes and endured calamities that are the common heritage of the human race, but it is neither bankrupt nor discouraged. The total assessed valuation of property in the state is $348,000,000 which represents an actual valuation of $1,392,000,000. The assessed valuation of the state is five times as great as that of Florida and Delaware, three times that of South Carolina, double that of Alabama, Arkansas or Mississippi, $40,000,000 greater than Maine, $96,000,000 more than New Hamshire, and $187,000,000 more than Vermont, and only $10,000,000 below the old and wealthy state of Connecticut.

Official reports from sixty counties of the state show that during the last three months there was a net reduction in the mortgage indebtedness of those counties of one and a half million dollars. Assuming that there was a proportionate reduction in the remaining fourty-six counties, the total diminution of the mortgage debt of the state would approximate $2,250,000, and this was during the summer, before the farmers began to realize on this year's crop. Our wheat crop this year of 55,000,000 bushels, at current prices, is worth $44,000,000. One fourth of this is ample for home use, leaving $33,000,000 to add to our investments, or to pay our debts. Our surplus corn will bring us $20,000,000, oats $3,000,000, and other farm products $11,000,000. We can and will sell this year $12,000,000 worth of horses and $25,000,000 worth of cattle and hogs. After supplying themselves and paying their annual expense bills, the farmers of Kansas will have $104,000,000 as the net result of a single year's work. Some of this large profit will be added to our permanent capital, but most of it will be employed in liquidating indebtedness. The wondering vagabonds who have joined the Alliance for political purposes only, and who are trying to make a living by the sweat of their jaws, instead of honest toil, will, of course, fail to pay their debts; but there is a resolute purpose all over this state to pay as rapidly as possible all the debts incurred during our period of development. The balance of trade is so largely in our favor that the early extinguishment of all our debts is certain. It should be understood abroad, as it is known at home, that the only advocates of repudiation, either by intrigue or artifice, are adherents of the People's party.

Reports that are entirely trustworthy indicate the rapid decline and certain death of the Alliance as a political party. A marked decrease in the vote of that party is sure to be recorded in November. The new party, under the seductive leadership of demagogues who magnify the misfortunes of the farmers and belittle their resources, obtained control of the lower house of our last legislature. Its conspicuous failure as a law making body filled the more sensible members of the Alliance with chagrin, and they will embrace the first opportunity offered to reinstate themselves in the Republican party.

Kansas is marvelous in its history, matchless in its resources, and magnificent in its achievements, and the party that maligns the state and dishonors itself is already struck with the blight of death.

Kansas was the thirty-fourth state admitted into the Union, but now ranks nineteenth in population and eighteenth in wealth. The wealth of the United States during the last decade increased 43 per cent, that of Kansas 80 per cent, nearly double the general average. Kansas is the second state in the Union in railway mileage, having an aggregate of 8,000 miles. The school property of the state is valued at $10,617,149. Free schools are maintained from eight to nine months each year.

That Awful Tariff.

The tariff is legalized robbery, cries the American free trader, and as soon as that cry is heard every Democrat weeps great briny tears over the wicked act of a Republican Congress. But while the free trader is whining the world moves and the following is a sample of its gait:

New York *Press:* The famous firm of Sir Titus Salt & Co., of Bradford, England, have moved part of their great plant to Bridgeport, Conn., where they are making plushes to supply the American market. In Bradford this firm pays English wages. It gives its skilled workers there an average of $10 per week. In Bridgeport it pays American wages. Its skilled American laborers get an average of $20 per week. But Sir Titus Salt & Co. also employ unskilled labor largely. In England they pay their unskilled laborers $4 per week. In the United States they pay them $10 per week. American workingmen, which scale of wages will you vote for?

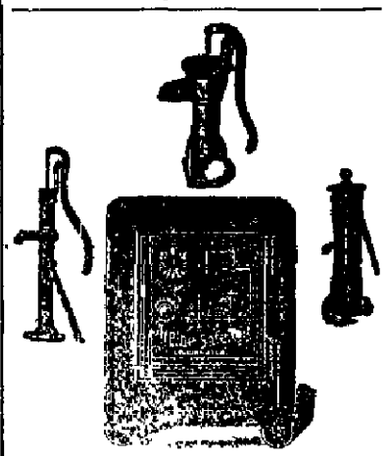
The McKinley tariff law caused Sir Titus Salt & Co. to open business on American soil that they may take advantage of its discrimination in favor of American manufactures and workmen. As they came to this country where they would have to pay a fair day's wages for a fair day's work the free trade snivveller cried, "See how the tariff is a tax; the increased wages will make us pay increased prices for plush." But here comes the *Dry Goods Chronicle* and asks him to dry his tears and free himself from the nightmare theories of free traders, by saying:

The plush goods manufactured by the firm of Sir Titus Salt & Co, at Bridgeport, Conn., have already met with signal success, so much so that they are enabled to offer the American goods at 10 per cent. discount from last year's prices, with a prospect of a further reduction, as their new help get better accustomed to their work. It is satisfactory to note that the new goods are equal to the English make in every respect.

This is a sample of how the tariff operates to keep up the price of labor without causing a rise in the price of goods, and that makes a free trader sick.

WYOMING has a law imposing a $2 tax on bachelors.

The coming women can be healthy. She will be, if she's wisely cared for. As she enters womanhood, Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription builds up and strengthens the system and regulates and promotes the functions. It's a supporting tonic, and a quieting, strengthening nervine. It corrects and cures all those delicate derangements and weaknesses peculiar to the sex. In every case for which it's recommended, the "Favorite Prescription" is *guaranteed* to give satisfaction. If there's no help, there's no pay. It does all that's claimed for it, or the money is refunded. It's a risky way to sell it—but it isn't *your* risk.



PUMPS,
Fire-Proof Safes

GEO. M. WOOD.
135 South Water St.,
DECATUR, ILL.

"Pillsbury's Best Is The Best."

SEE

That your barrel of flour is branded like this:

and you will be sure you have the BEST FLOUR MADE.

HORACE CLARK & SONS, Genl. Agts.
PEORIA ILL.

LATEST
FALL ❋ NOVELTIES!

Now on Exhibition at

LINN & SCRUGGS
DRY GOODS & CARPET COMPANY.

The increasing trade of our House has caused us to make extra exertions for this season. We have spared no pains or expense to secure one of the finest stocks of Foreign and Domestic Novelties possible to obtain.

OUR ASSORTMENT OF

DRESS ❋ GOODS ❋ AND ❋ SILKS

Is the most extensive in styles and colors. Every desirable weave in almost endless variety. Paris Robe Patterns, Bedford Cords, French Beatrice and Foule Cloth, All Wool and Silk Warp Henriettas, Mohairs, Serges, Novelty Plaids and Stripes, Faille France, Peau de Soi, Surahs, Armures and the Golden Rule Black Gros Grain Silks.

OUR

❋ CLOAK DEPARTMENT ❋

Far excels any previous efforts, and for Exclusive Styles and Beauty of Designs we cannot be approached. We have elegant lines of Capes, Sealette and Plush Garments, Plain and Fur Trimmed Jackets, and Everything New in Children's Long and Short Garments.

CARPETS.

We have at present the largest and handsomest stock of Carpets ever shown before in this market. Roxbury and Smith's Tapestries, Moquettes, Velvets, Royal Axminsters, Body Brussels and Lowell Ingrains.

☞ We only ask an examination of our Elegant Stock with the assurance that a comparison of our prices with those of other houses will convince all that our prices are the lowest and our goods the best.

LINN & SCRUGGS
Dry Goods and Carpet Company,

AGENTS FOR

The Celebrated "Centemeri" Kid Gloves,
The Golden Rule Black Silk,
The Hercules White Shirts and Butterick's Patterns.

School Shoes!
$1.00 $1.25

CHEAPEST
School Shoes!
$1.35 $1.50

AT

BUSHER'S

✦ CLOCKS! ✦

Now Is the Time to Buy Them.

I want to close out what Clocks I have in stock to make room for New Goods.

I handle only FIRST-CLASS, RELIABLE GOODS, and will sell them at Prices Lower than they have ever yet been sold.

I give a Guarantee with Every Clock sold.

E. J. HARPSTRITE,
THE JEWELER,
146 East Prairie Street, East of Post Office.

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

Remarkable Facts.

Heart disease is usually supposed to be incurable, but when properly treated a large proportion of cases can be cured. Thus Mrs. Elmira Hatch, of Elkhart, Ind., and Mrs. Mary L. Baker, of Ovid, Mich., were cured after suffering 20 years. S. C. Lanburger, druggist at San Jose, Ill., says that Dr. Miles' New Heart Cure which cured the former, "worked wonders for his wife." Levi Logan, of Buchanan, Mich., who had heart disease for 30 years, says two bottles made him feel like "a new man." Dr. Miles' New Heart Cure is sold and guaranteed by W. C. Armstrong. Book of wonderful testimonials free. d&w

OVER 35 tons of documents deposited at the British Public Record Office have just been destroyed, as of no value.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or your money refunded. Price, 25 cents per box. For sale by King & Wood, druggists. d&w

SPECIAL ATTRACTION

This Week at Walter Hutchin's.

The grandest display of Children's School shoes that has ever been seen in Decatur. We have by far the best Children's Shoes ever put on sale in this city. Have made a special effort this season to bring to this city the best line of School Shoes ever before offered to the public. Our sales already have been immense on this special line. Try them, and you will get lots of wear. WALTER HUTCHIN, 117 North Water St., sign of big shoe. aug28-dawtf

A CARRIER pigeon taken from Berlin to London, having escaped, flew direct to its old home.

THOSE who are interested in the merits of the various cough medicines should read the statement of Mr. S. B. Walker, a prominent citizen and druggist at Calamus, Iowa. It is as follows: "I have sold Chamberlain's Cough Remedy for eight years, and it has given universal satisfaction to my customers. I use no other in my family, and have never called a doctor for any throat or lung trouble. We feel that we could not keep house without it.' 50 cent bottles, for sale by W. F. Neisler, druggist. d&w

RACE CLOTHING MANUF'G CO.

We will sell FOR ONE WEEK ONLY

Double Seam, Drill Pocket OVERALLS AT 35c

A Good Work Shirt For 25c

A Good Suit for Boys Only $1.50

We take your measure and Make you ALL-WOOL CASSIMERE PANTS For $4.50

RACE CLOTHING MANUF'G CO.,
129--135 North Water Street.

MUNDELL'S
SOLAR TIP SHOES,
Made in Philidelphia.

Remember we are agents for this celebrated line of Misses' and Children's School Shoes. They outwear any Solar Tip Shoe made, and only cost the price of an ordinary shoe.

DON'T FAIL TO GET THEM for your children to start to school with, as they keep their feet warm and dry.

THE
FERRISS & LAPHAM
Shoe Store,
148 East Main Street, Decatur.

PUPILS ENROLLED IN THE DECATUR PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

A table showing the enrollment in the several schools and grades in the public schools of Decatur, Sept. 11, 1891:

	1st Grade	2nd Grade	3rd Grade	4th Grade	5th Grade	6th Grade	7th Grade	Totals	
Sangamon St School	67	58	57	47	55	26	17	326	6th and 7th Grades in one room.
Warren St. School	50	43	51	33	21	14	18	230	1st and 2nd, 4th and 5th, and 6th and 7th in one room.
Marietta St. School	88	66	60	64	59	50	40	483	3rd and 4th grades in three rooms.
Church St. School	70	45	52	51	52	27	31	328	6th and 7th grades in one room.
Wood St. School	66	65	51	22 15 52	53	50	62	436	3rd and 4th grades in three rooms.
Jackson St. School	50	47	57	50	57	29	27	326	6th and 7th in one room.
Jasper St. School	58	24	50	37	25	21	27	240	1st and 2nd, 4th and 5th, and 6th and 7th in one room.
Jones School									No report to-day.
Totals	459	348	434	377	322	216	222	2376	
High School								347	
Total in the city								2723	

It will be noticed that the 3rd, 4th and 5th grades are full all over the city. It is very difficult to see how more room can be obtained. The only possible arrangement would be to send the 6th and 7th grades in the Warren street school to the Marietta and Sangamon streets, but that would over-crowd these schools and would be very unsatisfactory to the pupils who now attend the Warren street school.

E. A. GASTMAN.

MARRIED AT THE CAPITAL.

W. H. Hartman and Mrs. Malinda F. Brennan, Sept. 9th.

The following mention of a marriage at Springfield on September 9th appeared in the Springfield *Monitor* on September 10th:

William H. Hartman, of Argenta, Macon county, and Mrs. Malinda F. Brennan, of Beardstown, Cass county, were married in the city yesterday evening by Rev. T. D. Logan. Mr. Hartman is a well-known business man of Argenta, where he is engaged in the hardware and stove business. The bride formerly resided in Springfield and has many acquaintances here, to whom the announcement of her wedding will be quite a surprise. Of late she has been living with her daughter at Beardstown. Mr. and Mrs. Hartman remained in the city last night and were guests at the St. Nicholas hotel. To-day they will go to Pawnee, where they will make a short visit with Mrs. Hartman's son, Mr. Sprague, the druggist of that place. They will then leave for Argenta, where they will go to housekeeping.

Mr. and Mrs. Hartman arrived in Decatur last night and registered at the Hotel Brunswick. Mr. Hartman is the principal hardware merchant at Argenta. He was formerly in business at Maroa, and has many friends in Decatur and throughout the county who will wish him joy. The couple left for Argenta to-day.

Sales of Real Estate.

J. W. Ayers to Martha Brown, deed to lots 6, 7 and 8, block 2, in Oreana—$720.

H. A. Wood to U. G. Price, deed to lot 5, block 4, Wood's West Park addition—$350.

Anna M. Phillips to Addie Hall, deed to lot 100x150 in 14, 16, 3 east—$450.

Wm. Ryan to George Wittig, deed to 17.68 acres in 8, 16, 2 east—$100.

Louis Harmel to Henry Jokisch, deed to 14.39 acres in 11, 15, 1 east—$2400.

Fred. Nientker to Henry Jokisch, deed to lot 9 in 11, 15, 1 east—$890.

Philena A. Johnson to Frances L. Strohm, deed to lots 7 and 8, M. Johnson's subdivision—$1200.

Joseph Mich et al to Albert Phoenix, lot 2, block 2, Michl, Harpstrite & Shlaudeman's subdivision—$200.

David F. Hubbart to Major M. Warnick, deed to 66.12 acres in 27, 16, 1 east—$2500.

John Seybolt to Elma K. Park, deed to lot 16, McGaskill's addition—$1025.

Mary M. Froman to G. T. Sheets, deed to tract of land in 25, 17, 3 east—$350.

James C. Beatty to F. W. Reinning, lot 19, block 4, Waller's addition to Maroa, $450.

I. C. railroad to J. A. Beam, west half of the northwest quarter, and the southeast quarter of 14, 18, 1 east, $300.

John H. Smith to Morillo C. Glasgow, his interest in the west half of the southwest quarter of 12, 16, 1 east—$250.

D. A. Maffit et al to George Moessner, lot 12, block 2, D. A. Maffit's addition to Decatur—$375.

S. S. Smith to J Joseph M. Hammond, lot 17, block 1, Higgins' addition to Decatur—$1,000.

Albert E. Coombs to W. C. Outten, the undivided one-third of the undivided one-eighth of the southeast quarter of the northeast quarter of section 7; and the same interest in the southwest quarter of the northwest quarter of 8, all in 15, 3 east—$150.

Rhody Judy to Chas. T. Kellam, lot 7, Mills Bros.' addition to Decatur—$1800.

Electric Bitters.

This remedy is becoming so well known and so popular as to need no special mention. All who have used Electric Bitters sing the same song of praise.—A purer medicine does not exist and it is guaranteed to do all that is claimed. Electric Bitters will cure all diseases of the Liver and Kidneys, will remove impure blood,—Will drive Malaria from the system and prevent as well as cure all Malaria fevers.—For cure of Headache, Consumption and Indigestion try Electric Bitters—Entire satisfaction guaranteed, or money refunded.—Price 50 cts, and $1.00 per bottle at King & Wood's Drug Store. 5m

McAWBER—"I claim that more people drink than do not." Heep—"And I say less drink." McAwber—"Thanks; don't care if I do."

Miles' Nerve and Liver Pills.

Act on a new principle—regulating the liver, stomach and bowels *through the nerves*. A new discovery. Dr. Miles' Pills speedily cure biliousness, bad taste, torpid liver, piles, constipation. Unequaled for men, women, children. Smallest, mildest, surest. 30 doses, 25 cts. Samples free, at W. C. Armstrong's drug store. d&w

ABOUT $1,000,000 worth of articles are pawned in London every week.

Abel's Carpet House, Decatur,

Leads the trade in Central Illinois in Wall-Paper, Linoleums, Oil Cloths, Chinese Silks, Mattings, Curtains, Room Mouldings, Curtain Poles, and all kinds and qualities of Carpets. April 19-d&wtf

Races at Moweaqua.

The fair at Moweaqua was well attended Thursday and the display was excellent. The races also were good. They consisted of green trot, 3-year-old trot, green pace and a running race of one-half mile and repeat, which was very exciting and run for "blood."

Green trot; mile heat; 2 in 3:

Maud Medium	1	1
Starlight	2	2
Selim	3	3
Sophia	4	4

Time—3:30½.

3-Year-old trot; mile heat; 2 in 3:

Star Wellington	1	1
Brightlight	2	2
Mont	3	3

Time—3:01¾; 3:05½.

Green pace; mile heat; 3 in 5:

Minnie Gee	1	1	1
Boxey	2	2	2
Dexter	3	3	3

Time—2:54½; 2:54¾; 3:07½.

Running race, one-half mile and repeat; 5 started:

Maud S	3	1	1
Momanee	1	2	2
Josephine	2	3	-
Little Joe	4	4	-
Miss Mungo	5	5	-

Time—52½; 52; 53.

Friday was the gala day at the fair, over four thousand people in attendance, and everything passed off smoothly and nicely. The races were good, the weather was good, and everybody was good, and a good old-fashioned time was had. The races consisted of a 3-minute trot, mile heats, 3 in 5; a pacing race, free to all, mile heats, 3 in 5, must beat 2:40; running race, one-half mile and repeat, 2 in 3.

3-Minute trot:

Tom Paine	1	1	3	1
Pearl Tyler	2	4	1	2
Frederick	3	2	2	3
Star Wellington	4	3	5	-
Bright Light	5	5	4	4

Time—2:36, 2:55, 2:50, 2:52. Star Wellington was withdrawn before last heat.

Pacing race:

Flossie L	1	1	1
Kentucky Clay	2	2	2
Minnie G	3	3	3

Time—2:36, 2:41, 2:39½.

Running race:

Val Farrow	1	1
Maud S	2	2
Josephine	3	3
Ball Hornet	4	4

Time—:53, :53¾.

Saturday was the last day of the Moweaqua fair and although there was not as large an attendance as the day before there was a very respectable crowd present. The races consisted of a free-for-all trot, purse $100, best 3 in 5, must beat 2:40; running, one-half mile dash, and the novelty race.

SUMMARY.

Free-for-all trot, 3 in 5:

Billy C, Decatur	4	1	1	1
Sleepy Billy, Macon	1	2	3	2
Tom Paine	2	4	2	4
Jim B	3	3	4	3

Time—2:52; 2:44½; 2:45; 2:53. The track is five seconds long, thus 2:30¼ time was made.

Running, ½ mile dash:

Commanche	1
Rock Bullington	2
Mollie Oaks	3
Little Joe	4

Novelty race:

Lady Slocum	1st quarter
Jasper	2nd "
Val Farrow	3rd and 4th "

Time—1:57.

Adulterations in Food.

Many states have stringent laws against food adulteration, but they fail to check the evil. It is on the increase. The last report of the Dairy Commissioner of New Jersey shows that 43.66 per cent., or nearly half, of all the food preparations submitted to him for examination were adulterated. Sometimes the adulterations were harmless and in these cases the purchaser would be only swindled, but in many instances rank poisons were found in articles of every day consumption. A large percentage of canned vegetables, such as peas and string beans, were found to contain copperas, used to give a green color, and a number of baking powders had been "doctored" with ammonia to give an artificial leavening strength and to permit of their carrying more waste matter. In these cases there is not only fraud but danger to the public health. * * *—*N. Y. Tribune.*

A Remarkable Case.

At Bellair, in Crawford county, this State, a remarkable case of restored speech is reported. There are four deaf mutes in the family of Orville Goodwin, and the youngest, a little girl of 6 years, was home from the asylum on a visit when she spied the cat capturing a mouse. She cried out: "A mouse, a mouse." Her speech was restored which had been lost through sickness.

WHEN you desire a pleasant physic, one that will cleanse your system and give you the clear-headedness and buoyancy of youth, try St. Patrick's Pills. They are the most pleasant cathartic and liver pills in use, and having once tried them, we are confident that you will never be satisfied with any other kind. 25 cents per box. For sale by W. F. Neisler, druggist. d&w

GOING AWAY.

THE 1891 SESSION OF THE GRAND LODGE OF GOOD TEMPLARS AT AN END.

Installation of Officers at the Hall of Decatur Lodge—More Resolutions.

From Thursday's Daily.

At a late hour last night the delegates to the meeting of the Illinois Grand Lodge of Good Templars concluded their work, and the elective and appointive officers were installed by C. G. Hayman, P. G. C. T., of Chicago.

NEW GRAND LODGE OFFICERS.

The whole of yesterday afternoon was given up to the annual election of officers, which is one of the chief events of the annual session. For Chief Templar Copp received 113 votes, A. F. Smith 33; for G. C., Kelley 88, Jewett 34, McComas 24; for G. V. T., Miss Caraway 117, Miss Knowles 28. Those elected were:

G. C.—Uriah Copp Jr., of Lodi, re-elected for the 20th time.
G. C.—Joseph Kelley, of Chicago.
G. V. T.—Miss Minnie Caraway, of Chrisman.
G. Sec.—E. J. Hazlett, of Rockford.
G. Treas.—George P. Harrington, of Edinburg.
G. S. G. T.—Mrs. E. A. Mills, of Chicago.
G. M.—J. H. Rainey, Butler.
G. D. M.—Miss Anna Vest, Decatur.
G. Chap.—Rev. G. L. Taylor, Milford.
G. I. G.—Miss Eva Gunn, Jacksonville.
G. O. G.—Charles Langton, Nolls.
G. Mess.—W. E. Doyle, Galesburg.

WILL MEET NEXT AT JACKSONVILLE.

There were several candidates for the 1892 Grand Lodge meeting—Jacksonville, Joliet, Champaign, Rockford and Galesburg. On the second ballot Jacksonville came out ahead with a majority of votes and Chief Copp declared the choice in favor of that city.

STANDING COMMITTEES.

After short speeches by C. G. Hayman and Mr. Copp these committees were elected:

Appeals—Neils Juul, Chicago, and D. L. Buan, Decatur.

State of the Order—A. F. Smith, Decatur; Mrs. R. J. Hazlett, Rockford, and Rev. G. L. Taylor, Milford.

Temperance Literature—F. W. Nazarene, Byron; R. C. Ellsworth, Chicago; Miss Hattie Coleman, Decatur.

Juvenile Temples—Mrs. O. Myhman, Chicago; Mrs. C. M. Ritchie, Warrensburg; Mrs. Wright, Durant.

Finance—Sol. E. Lane, Rockford; J. H. Rainey, Forsyth; Mr. Mills, Kempton.

Constitution—E. I. Sweney, Babylon; Truman High, Havana; Mr. Cunningham, Murrayville.

The Grand Lodge adjourned to meet in 1892 at Jacksonville.

ENDORSEMENT.

The following resolution was unanimously adopted:

WHEREAS, Brother A. F. Smith, general manager of the National Prohibition Camp Meeting, has for several years set apart a special day for Good Templary, and purposes at the ninth annual encampment in Decatur, from the 15th to the 26th of July, 1892, to give two days to Good Templary, and if possible secure the presence of our R. W. Grand Chief Templar, Dr. Oronhyatekha, of Canada. Therefore we urge all Good Templars of Illinois, as far as possible, to attend and participate in this great camp meeting.

RESOLUTIONS.

A resolution favoring Sunday closing of the World's Fair was adopted after an interesting discussion; some of the Chicago delegates insisting that the saloons were working in favor of the closing, while others denied the statement.

A resolution against voting for parties not expressly in favor of the prohibition of the liquor traffic excited a lively discussion. The Good Templar platform was adopted as a substitute, as follows:

"No license in any form or under any circumstances for the sale of liquors to be used as a beverage. The absolute prohibition of the manufacture, importation and sale of intoxicating liquors for such purposes—prohibition by the will of the people, expressed in due form of law, with the penalties deserved for a crime of such enormity."

STATE OF THE ORDER.

The committee on the state of the order reported as follows:

"We would recommend in regard to district lodges that have a small membership that such districts be declared missionary districts, and that there be formed county lodges in such districts, where it is deemed practicable, by the proper officers of the grand lodge.

"As much good is being done by county lodges in building up and encouraging the work in this state, and as county lodges now have the privilege of representation in the district and grand lodges, we would recommend that subordinate lodges encourage this work as much as possible.

"It is with pleasure that your committee note the splendid showing in membership the past year. There has been a net gain of 1,472 against 331 last year. The members of the order in our state may well feel proud of the work done by our grand lodge of this state."

The committee on Juvenile Temples reported in favor of industrial training schools and the continuance of prizes and banners, and that field workers be urged to organize Temples wherever practicable.

A special report was adopted recommending a collection for Juvenile Temple work—one a month.

A resolution of thanks to Decatur lodges and citizens generally was unanimously adopted.

This Is Pretty Good.

Mr. John C. Goodwin, a carpenter of Danville, Ill., writes: "About two weeks ago a heavy saw log fell upon my foot very badly crushing it, so that I was unable to walk at all. I sent for a bottle of Ballard's Snow Liniment and kept my foot saturated with it. It is now two weeks since this happened, and my foot is nearly well and I am at work. Had I not used Snow Liniment I should have have been laid up at least two months. For healing Wounds, Sprains, Sores and Bruises it has no equal. No inflammation can exist where Snow Liniment is used. "You can use this letter."

Beware of all white Liniments substituted for Snow Liniment. There is no no other Liniment like Ballard's Snow Liniment. Sold by Swearingen & Tyler.

EVANGELIST HOLT.

The "Sons of Liberty" Give Him Notice to Leave Aurora.

The Decatur *Review* notified the third party prohibitionists that in case they should find themselves out of a job on account of the Keeley bi-chloride of gold treatment for the cure of drunkenness, that they could find a home in the Democratic party which had always treated them with great consideration. That sounded pretty well in Decatur where the Democrats do not have everything their own way, but judging from the following to the St. Louis *Post-Dispatch*, it does not apply to Missouri Democracy:

AURORA, Mo., Sept. 11.—Col. C. J. Holt, of Decatur, Ill., who is been holding gospel temperance meetings at the Cumberland Presbyterian church and has succeeded in getting up considerable excitement with his chalk talk and temperance lectures, and who was hung here last week in effigy, has received his second notice to leave town on a large cardboard, 9x14 inches, written in blood-red ink, with pictures of dynamite bombs, skull and cross-bones, and the injunction to go at once. This card was nailed on the door of the house where he is stopping and when the proprietor came home from his store at 8:30 p. m. and found it there he immediately took it to church where Col. Holt was lecturing. He stopped his lecture and read the card to his audience, where it created great excitement. Mrs. Francis A. Sheldon, the leader of the W. C. T. U. jumped up and requested to know how many there were in the audience who would stand by Col. Holt through anything or everything that might happen. Every person in the house rose up and came forward and shook hands with the evangelist and told him to go on with his temperance work. After the meeting he was escorted home by a large crowd of men who had been in attendance. A number of them carried rocks with them ready to defend him if necessary. Every night he is escorted home under a strong guard. The temperance people are considerably worked up against the actions of the "Sons of Liberty."

A Year's Business.

There are 811,880 shares of stock of the Wabash Railway property and 657,713 were represented at the annual business meeting held at St. Louis this week. All of the old directors were re-elected.

The tonnage statistics give 6,236,064 tons hauled during the year, as against 6,832,858 in the year ending June 30, 1890, a decrease of 596,294 tons. Tons hauled one mile, 2,209,179,055, against 1,430,197,332, a decrease of 221,018,277 tons. The rate per ton per mile, .733, against .847 in 1890, shows an increase of .086 per ton per mile, and the profit per ton per mile, in consequence of the diminished volume of business, was but .170, as against .68 in 1890.

The passenger traffic shows 3,416,076 passengers carried, against 3,115,604 in 1890, an increase of 300,472 in the total number carried. The earnings in this department of traffic, including mails and express, are $4,019,772.85, against 3,940,335.62 in 1890, while the operating expenses have been reduced from $2,819,228.99 in 1890 to $2,761,893.26 in 1891, making a net gain for the present fiscal year of $136,752.96.

Sugar Industry of Kansas.

Dr. C. A. Crampton, of Washington, D. C., chief chemist of the Internal Revenue Bureau, accompanied by Mr. G. E. Fletcher, of New Hampshire, Everett B. Horton, of Maine, H. H. Brighton, of Iowa, and J. Q. Thacker, of Nebraska, special revenue inspectors, has established in Fort Scott, Kan., a United States chemical laboratory, occupying apartments in the government building, at which all the sugar manufactured in Kansas, Missouri and Nebraska will be tested from samples furnished by the local inspector. The laboratory is now supplied with all the latest and most approved apparatus known to science, and each sample will be thoroughly and completely tested. The first sugar factory to send in a sample was the one at Medicine Lodge, Kansas, which was tested this week and found to contain fully 90 per cent. sucrose. This sample represented a run of 9,000 pounds, upon which the factory is entitled to collect the 2 cent bounty. The factory at Fort Scott will begin to make sugar next week. The cane tested so far gives promise of an abundant harvest, the yield in sugar being greater than ever.

An Infant Murderer.

The youngest person ever charged with murder was arraigned in Essex Market prison, New York, a few days ago. He was Jacob Armand, 3½ years of age, and the crime charged against him is infanticide. It was related by a colored boy, who saw the deed committed, that Jacob deliberately pushed his younger brother, Pesach, from the dock, foot of Clinton street, East river, thereby drowning him. The judge held that he was too young to be held responsible for his acts. The case was, however, turned over to the coroner.

You Should Not Be Without It.

Every family is liable to have a hereditary taint of Consumption. It may date back three or even four generations. This fact makes it necessary always to have on hand a remedy with which to combat this formidable disease. A Cough when taken at first can readily be cured before it gets a serious hold on the lungs. Ballard's Horehound Syrup, when taken in its early stages, will cure Consumption. It is guaranteed to bring relief in every case, when used for any affection of the Throat, Lungs and Chest, such as Consumption, Inflammation of the Lungs, Brochitis, Asthma, Whooping Cough, etc. It is pleasant to take, perfectly safe and can always be depended on. Sold by Swearingen & Tyler. 3

WE guarantee our Rice Coil Spring Vehicles to be the easiest riding made in the world. If after six weeks' trial the Rice Coil Spring is not found to be the easiest riding spring you ever used, we will exchange for any other style.

SPENCER & LEHMAN CO.
aug8-d&wtf

ENGLISH railways earn over $3,750,000 a week.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

Farmers and Laborers.

New York *Sun*: The farmers' alliance and the Colored Farmers' Alliance in the South now have a fine opportunity to see how the principle of combination works. The Farmers' Alliance and Industrial Union is supposed to be composed of farmers and laborers. As a matter of fact it is principally composed of farmers. The colored Alliance, which has been coddled by the white alliance, consists very largely of farm laborers. The idea of farmers and of farm laborers in regard to wages are pretty sure to differ. An instance of that difference has just occurred. The colored cotton pickers have combined to ask $1 a hundred pounds for picking cotton between Sept. 12 and Nov 1. If they are successful in their demand the cost of harvesting cotton will be greatly increased, while the price of cotton will not be increased. The cotton growers say that they have a hard time enough to make a living at the present price of cotton and labor. What are they going to do if the cotton pickers succeed in getting $1 a hundred pounds?

Now, here is where another weakness of the alliance comes to the surface. The colored alliance, composed of laborers or small farmers who are ready to pick cotton for other growers when their own little crop has been harvested, is interested in having higher pay for cotton pickers. The Farmers' Alliance and Industrial Union, in so far as it is composed of laborers, must encourage a movement for higher wages for laborers. In so far as it is composed of farmers, and these actually compose the greater part of its membership, it must strive to keep the wages of agricultural laborers down to the lowest point. A breach between the white alliance and the colored alliance would seem to be inevitable: and if there is any considerable number of laborers in the white alliance they must begin to ask themselves what they are there for.

Plowmen.

The rival candidates for governor of Maryland both claim to be practical farmers. Whatever the people may think of their several claims it is clear that each one of these candidates has a notion the other is an inferior plowman. The result is that a contest in the field has been arranged to settle the matter.

The Democratic candidate is Brown and the Republican is Van Nort. The Democrat refuses to make the contest unless the ground is also seeded with grain for next year's crop. It would not, of course, be in harmony with Democratic methods for Brown to meet in a square field, contest to be settled at once. Brown wants to ring in the next year's crop.

The election occurs in November. If their ability to plow is to cut any figure in the campaign it should be determined which is the best plowman before the election, in order that the Maryland voters may vote intelligently. The Democrat holds that next year's crop will show who is the best plowman. This is dodging, just as the Democrats dodge other issues.

When the Republican shows that the establishing of industries in this country under protection has had the effect of reducing prices and points out the goods, the Democrat says that the result of free trade would be beneficial to American manufacturers and American workingmen—that wages would be better and goods cheaper. He refuses to accept present evidence of the folly of his theory and insists that the duty is added to the cost of the goods. He wants to bank on the future crop, regardless of the fact that Democratic free trade never raised a good crop in the history of this country.

Elson Boulevards.

One of the surest evidences of a growing city and increasing wealth is the tendency to suburban homes with beautiful surrounding grounds. A large house crowded into a 40 or 60 foot lot in a thickly settled neighborhood soon loses its attraction. Comfort, health and good taste all point to the suburbs as the place for homes. The rapid growth of Decatur has absorbed nearly all desirable inside lots and the demand now is for desirable properties contiguous to the city. The "Elson Farm," east of Water street just one and one-half miles, has always been admired for its elevation and beauty and in response to an earnest demand Mr. Elson has decided to make the farm Decatur's choicest resident suburb, and to lay out the grounds as the demand requires. In another column appears a plat of his first sub-division, lying south of and fronting on East William street. These acre tracts are offered at the surprisingly low figures of $300 to $400 per acre. Mr. Elson wishes to sell to those who will erect creditable two-story residences, thus assuring the future of the entire enterprise. It is only a question of a few years till the Elson farm will be covered with beautiful homes. We are pleased to notice this further evidence of Decatur's growth.

Reunion at Antietam.

The 130th Pennsylvania infantry, which was largely raised in Cumberland and York counties, will hold a reunion on the battlefield of Antietam, Sept. 17, the 29th anniversary of the battle. Several ex-members of that regiment are living in and near Decatur. The members of the regiment were largely young men, were mustered in in August, 1862, and fought at Antietam, losing heavily, inside of one month after leaving home.

Chicago Grain Market.

The following were the closing quotations in Chicago at 1:15 p. m. to-day, received by B. Z. Taylor, Secretary Decatur Grain Company:

LIVE STOCK—Estimated receipts—Hogs—20,000; strong.
Cattle—16,000; steady.
GRAIN—Our lots—
Wheat 416; Corn 609; Oats 260.

	SEPT.	DEC.	MAY.
WHEAT	$ .93¾	$ .97	$1.03¼
CORN	.60½	.53	.42⅜
OATS	.—	Oct—.27⅜	.31¼
	OCT.	JAN.	
PORK	$10.30	$12 82	
LARD	6 95	7.15	
RIBS	7.07½	6 82½	

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

What is the Polariscope.

Every one who reads custom-house literature or tariff discussions knows that the sugar duties and bounties depend upon what is called the polariscope test, but few know what this is. The following from the pen of a well known writer will give the reader a fair idea of the instrument and its use:

The testing of sugar to ascertain its saccharine strength is an interesting operation. One would think that the way to discover how sweet an article is would be to taste it. It seems rather odd that the degree of sweetness is demonstrated by the sense of sight rather than the sense of taste. Such is the case, however. The inspector looks at the sugar through a peculiar instrument, discovers the amount of saccharine matter in it. The instrument is called the polariscope. It somewhat resembles a small telescope and is about eighteen inches long and is mounted on a stand.

The operation of testing seems very simple, yet it is very wonderful. A certain amount of sugar is placed in a certain amount of water and allowed to dissolve until it became almost clear. The solution is then transferred to an oblong bottle, which is placed in the instrument. The inspector stands a lighted lamp before the opposite end of the polariscope and looks through the instrument. It is seen that the ray of light from the lamp is passing through the bottle containing the solution of sugar is refracted to one side at a considerable angle. He moves one end of the polariscope until the ray of light is straightened. The movement of the instrument is registered upon a scale whereon is marked degrees. If the scale marks 90 degrees when the ray of light becomes straightened, it is an indication that the sugar possesses a saccharine strength of 90 degrees. The maker then becomes entitled to a bounty of 2 cents per pound.

Of course, in places where there is a great bulk of sugar belonging to the same person it will be impossible to test every barrel or package. In that case the producer will assort his product in three-barrel lots, according to its color, and the inspector will certify the three barrels upon the basis of one sample taken at random.

Bryant Nowlin's Birthday.

From Tuesday's Daily.

The good management of Mr. and Mrs. W. A Bradley resulted in giving Bryant Nowlin a complete surprise yesterday at his home, seven miles east of Decatur in Long Creek township. It was the 63d anniversary of the old gentleman's birth, and his neighbors and friends thought it fitting that there should be a celebration. A great dinner was served, and the callers who were wholly unexpected spent the day quite pleasantly on the beautiful farm. During the visit Mr. Nowlin was presented with a magnificently upholstered easy chair, and Mrs. Nowlin was not forgotten. The friends present were Mr. and Mrs. Pettyjohn, Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Brockway, Mr. and Mrs. John Rucker, Mr. and Mrs. David Blair, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Kirkman, Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Bradley, Mr. and Mrs. Elmer Coombes, Mr. and Mrs. Douglas Nowlin, Rev. W. H. Devore, an evangelist of Ohio, Mrs. Matilda Walker, Mrs. Addie Stewart, Mrs Rebecca Goff, Misses Amanda Fulk, Minnie Brockway, Clara Kirkman, Lizzie Price, Beatrice Bradley, Ada Blair, Bessie Stewart, and Charlie Kirkman, Earl Bradley, Willie Blair, Melvin Rucker, Cleo Rucker.

At Rest.

From Wednesday's Daily.

The funeral of Emanuel McDaniels, aged 64 years, who died in Wheatland township, Sept 15, took place at 10 a. m. to-day, and the interment was in the Salem graveyard. Typhoid fever was the cause of death. The deceased leaves a widow and six children. They are B. F. McDaniels, of Kansas; Mrs. Margaret Cooper, of Harristown; Albert McDaniels, of Macon; Mrs. Adeline Brown, of Chicago; Mrs. Alva Wilson, of Macon, and Dr. McDaniels, who lives near Boody.

Letter List.

Advertised letters remaining in the Postoffice Sept. 15, 1891:

Abrams, John	Black, M. W. (2)
Chise, John	Clover, N. B.
Cooken, Cora	Corkren, Mrs.
Corel, Mack	Corry, Mary Ann
Dowsett, R. T.	Duncan, A. J.
Fryer, Chauncey	Gray, Mary
Green, Thos.	Hamans, Edward
Hiebert, F.	Heiman, I.
Howell, Edd	Hyle, Maggie
Jones, William	Korkren, Mrs.
Manuel, Mary E.	Miller, T. F.
Moore, Hattie	Moore, James
Morton, E. E	Myers, C. Y.
Nicholas, J. T.	Perry, Fanny
Pottenger, Alonzo	Rulneheart, James I.
Ridgeway, Lou	Roberts, Samuel (2)
Robinson, Arthur	Robinson, Minta
Smith, John (2)	Smith, S. S.
Stanley, Sealla	Sullivan, Ted
Snyder, G	Tomm, Anna
Vanneman, James D.	Walter, Wm.
Wilson, A. C.	Whittaker, Robert
White, Rouie	Wood, James
Yauer, F. A.	

J. T. HUBBARD, P. M.

A. M. E. Appointments.

At the African Methodist Episcopal conference which was in session at Quincy the following appointments for the district were made:

Springfield District—H. Simons, presiding elder; St. Paul, Springfield, T W Henderson, D D; St. John, Springfield, T. A. Clark; Bloomington station, H. DePugh; Pontiac, Henry Brown; Champaign, H. Lackey; Danville, J S. Prettyman; Gibson circuit, J. D. Patterson, Paris station, Charles Holmes; Decatur, J. S Woods; Pittsfield, A T. Jackson; Lincoln, S E Cottrell; Peoria, N. J McCracken; Mattoon, Joseph Stevenson.

Died This Morning.

From Wednesday's Daily.

This morning at 2 o'clock occurred the death of Julius Frederick, son of Adolph Sheppar. The boy was aged 4 years, 8 months and 16 days, and died of diphtheria.

Fine Peaches.

Mr. T. W. Brown, of Blue Mound township, whose splendid farm is near Boody, has the thanks of the REPUBLICAN for samples of magnificent peaches grown in his orchard.

Do You Want a Farm?

FOR SALE—140 acres of land, to-wit: west half of the northeast quarter of section 33, and the east half of the northwest quarter of section 33, lese 20 acres off the south end. This land is situated in Whitmore township, 4½ miles northeast of Decatur. Inquire of C. H. Garver, Oreana, Ill. Sept 3-w4w

THE PEACEMAKER SHOT.

Harry Bowen Lying in a Very Critical Condition.

From Tuesday's Daily

Harry Bowen, who resides with his widowed mother at No. 550 East Edmond street, was passing along on South Main street about 1:30 o'clock this morning with some companions and overheard some loud remarks as if the parties were engaged in a quarrel. He approached the scene of the disturbance and found two young men fighting. He made an attempt to separate the parties and an unknown man on the street drew a revolver and shot Bowen in the left leg. The bullet entered at the knee and glanced downward, breaking both bones and producing several severe hemorrhages. He was taken to his home in a carriage where Dr. H. D. Heil was summoned and dressed the injury. The injury will probably prove fatal. The young man will be sent to the Wabash hospital at Springfield. He is 20 years of age and is a machinist employed in the Wabash shops.

ANOTHER STORY.

The above details were gathered from a friend of Bowen's. There is another account to the effect that the young men, together with a number of other young fellows, had visited Idlewild during the evening, and while in a drunken condition began to quarrel among themselves, as a result of which Bowen received a bullet in the leg. The wound is a bad one, and the physician has grave doubts of the young man's recovery.

A SERIOUS CHARGE.

"Big Jim" Garrow, Harry Jacobs and Frank Barsock in Durance Vile.

On Sunday morning Officers Leech, Connard, Lawrence and Bailey went to the residence of J. R. Garrow, more familiarly known as "Big Jim," the pump man, on Mason street, and on a warrant sworn out by C. R. Mallory, who resides seven miles south of the city, arrested Mr. Garrow, Harry Jacobs and Frank Barsock, charging them with the theft of eight turkeys and from forty to fifty chickens from the chicken house of Mr. Mallory on the evening of September 10th. This is a very serious charge, and Mallory has a number of witnesses who will swear they saw the men coming from the premises and at the same time heard the cackle of the chickens and turkeys. The men were placed in jail to await the action of the court. The time for the trial has not been set.

Garrow, Jacobs and Barsock were taken before Justice Curtis this morning and each waived examination. The Justice placed their bonds at $150. Mr. Garrow was able to furnish the required bond and was released, while Jacobs and Barsock were returned to jail.

Complimentary.

We clip the following complimentary dispatch to the Bloomington *Pantagraph* from Clinton:

Ex-Mayor Harris will begin life the coming week in Decatur, where he removed the last of his household belonging to-day. Mr. Harris has been getting ready for some weeks to make the change and, two months since, rented a commodious office in the Decatur opera house. He leaves Clinton at the general regret of the progressive people who have witnessed and cooperated with him in the reforms and improvements he introduced into Clinton while mayor. The Harris administration of four years will go to history as one of the most remarkable in the annals of the town. When nominated to the office mayor four years since Mr. Harris met the bitterest and most relentless opposition, but as a man with the warmest sympathies for the common people he was elected by a phenomenal majority. The issue was the improvement of Clinton. The water works and the electric lights are luxuries that Clinton would not have had had it not been for the campaign and election of Mr. Harris. He was again elected two years since by a large majority and from this time and business made great and continual sacrifices for the cause. Mr. Harris is connected with several of our older families by marriage and has a wide acquaintance in the county. As an attorney he has had a large business and will continue one office in Clinton until January 1, after which time he will be entirely in Decatur He finds it difficult to close out his business well before that time.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

BUSINESS.

We are closing out all our Summer Goods at Cost. Summer Millinery at Half Price.

LADIES AND CHILDREN'S JERSEY UNDERWEAR At Greatly Reduced Prices.

Bargains in Handkerchiefs and Ribbons.

Hoosier Hair Curling Fluid, the slickest thing you ever saw, will keep hair in curl a week, 25c a bottle. Inspection solicited.

S. S. Hatch & Bro.

—Dealers in—

DRY GOODS, MILLINERY, ETC

148 East Main Street.

WEATHER CROP BULLETIN.

The Illinois Weather Service for Week Ending Sept. 11, 1891.

Bond county—Rain needed for plowing and wheat sowing; some early corn out of danger now, while late corn will be in two or three weeks; no rain.

Clark—Corn maturing fairly well, but needs warmer weather; no rain during the week.

Carroll—Too dry for plowing; pastures need rain; none fell during week.

Christian—Been cool and clear; corn doing nicely; some farmers have finished sowing wheat, larger acreage being sown than last year; no rain.

Clay—90 per cent of corn will be out of danger from frost in 10 days; no rain during week.

Coles—Over ⅓ of corn crop out of danger from frost; the impression is that nearly all of it will be safe by October 1; no rain.

Douglas—Fine weather for ripening corn; farmers busy sowing wheat; ground dry, water scarce; will take two weeks of good weather to place corn out of danger from frost; no rain.

Fulton—No rain; farmers about done plowing; corn ripening nicely; clover is scarce, destroyed by grasshoppers.

Henry—Too cool for corn, but weather fine for thrashing; corn will be out of danger Sept. 30.

La Salle—A greater portion of corn will be safe by Sept. 20; some farmers insist that a hard frost would seriously injure it, if it occurred before Oct. 1; pastures fair, ground in fair condition for plowing; no rain.

Logan—Weather very dry, but crops not suffering for rain, corn ripening fast, will soon be out of danger from frost.

McLean—About 70 per cent of corn out of danger, the rest will be by October 1st; no rain.

Marion—No rain; fall plowing about done; corn late in maturing; early still green, will require two to four weeks to mature, none ripe enough to cut for fodder.

Pike—10 to 15 days will place corn out of danger from frost; early corn safe now; plowing for wheat; no rain.

Shelby—Early corn out of danger, and all will be in two weeks; no rain.

Sangamon—70 per cent of corn out of danger from frost; balance will be in two weeks; no rain.

St. Clair—Excellent weather for farm work; plowing nearly finished; rain is needed, wells getting dry.

Tazewell—Continues too cool for corn; it is not yet out of danger from frost; farmers plowing; some plowing; some wheat sown; peach crop large; rainfall, .03 in. JOHN CRAIG, Director.

SPRINGFIELD, ILL, Sept. 12, 1891.

FOR A BRUISED HEART.

A Champaign Girl Thinks $5,000 Would Repair the Damages.

Miss Emma Crabtree has brought suit against Curtis Paul, a business man of Champaign, for breach of promise to marry. She thinks her affections have been lacerated to such an extent that it will take $5,000 to recompense her, and she brings suit for that sum.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, } ss.
LUCAS COUNTY.

FRANK J. CHENEY makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHENEY & Co, doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of CATARRH that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE. FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886. A. W. GLEASON, { SEAL } Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

FARMERS' COLUMN.

For Sale

Two fine Macon County Farms and other lands, at special bargains. JOHN A. BROWN, July23-wtf Court House Block.

CORD WOOD.—Wanted, ten cords of good jackoak wood at LOEB'S FOUNDRY, on East Cerro Gordo street. aug27-w1mo

Prairie Farms For Sale Cheap.

We have for sale 2 farms of 80 acres each
2 " 160 " "
1 " 240 " "
1 " 320 " "
1 " 640 " "
All good rich prairie land.
GREEN BROS & GREEN,
sep17w4w Oakland, Coles Co., Ill.

HORSES AND COLTS AT AUCTION—I will sell at public sale at Mt. Zion, Illinois, on Wednesday, Sept. 30, 30 head of horse stock, consisting of weanlings, yearlings, two and three year olds, and some older horses. Sale to commence at 1 o'clock p m Terms of sale—A credit of nine months will be given, purchaser giving note and approved security before removing property Note to draw 7 per cent from date if not paid in ten days after maturity.
CHAS M. FLETCHER.
T. F Reynolds, Auctioneer. 17w2

PUBLIC SALE.—The undersigned will sell at his residence, 1½ miles southeast of Harristown and 6 miles west of Decatur, on the Springfield road, on Thursday, September 24th, 1891, the following property: Six head of horses, consisting of one Stoner Boy horse, 1 Mammont horse, 2 Wilkes fillies, 1 brood mare and sucking colt, 9 head of cattle, 49 head of stock hogs, and 10 head of thoroughbred Poland China boar pigs if not sold before day of sale; 20 tons of hay in barn, 400 bushels of oats, 40 acres of corn in the field; 1 self-binder, 2 farm wagons, 1 buggy, 3 sets of harness, and other farming utensils.

TERMS OF SALE—A credit of twelve months on all sums over $10, the purchaser giving note with approved security, $10 and under, cash in hand JOHN I. HANKS.
J. T. WARD, Auctioneer. 17-w1

A RARE CHANCE!

For Sale for Cash
80 Acres of the Armstrong Farm

One mile west of Arcola, Douglas County, Illinois. This property can now be sold at the cost price of building the two-story, attic and stone basement dwelling house thereon, thus actually giving a purchaser the 80 acres of excellent tile-drained land, the first class barns, windmill, outbuildings, green house, and other valuable improvements FREE OF CHARGE.

Further particulars can be had by addressing

PERCY W. ARMSTRONG,
Sept3-wtf Arcola, Ill.

SOULS SAVED FOR $100.

The Rev. Probst Speaks to the Bi-Chloride of Gold Club—Believes in the Cure.

Chicago Daily News.

The rooms of the Bichloride of Gold club, 157 Washington street, were crowded last night by graduates from the Keeley institute at Dwight. The secretary reported that the club had sent thirty men to Dwight, for whose expenses they were accountable, and seven had returned cured and had resumed their regular vocations. More than thirty others had gone to Dwight through the influence of the members of the club, whose expenses would be paid by themselves or their friends. More than forty applications were on file, but the directors could not accept them on account of the lack of funds. About $400 had been received in small amounts, except the donation of $100 from George C. Walker of Lake Geneva, Wisconsin.

Speeches were made by Messrs. Cooper, John H. Wood, Lincoln, Baker, Gillespie and Squire Harvey. After which Col. N. A. Reed introduced the Rev. Dr. Brobst of the Union Temple church, who made an address frequently interrupted with applause. "About $100 will rescue a man from hell," he said, "and land him in the paradise of sobriety. We are happening upon miraculous times, and until lately no one had the power since the days of Nazareth to cast out so many devils as possessed the drinking man, but it has been done, as can be seen in in this body of men."

WORTHY CHARITY.

The Red Men Decide to Build National Home for Widows and Orphans.

George P. Blume returned Saturday from Cleveland, Ohio, where he acted as one of the representatives from Illinois to the Supreme Council of Red Men. Mr. Owen Scott, of Bloomington, introduced a resolution providing for the erection and maintenance of a national home for the widows and orphans of Red Men. The idea was adopted and the fund started by the application of a considerable sum on hand. It was decided to raise $100,000 for the purpose.

FOR SCROFULA
scrofulous humor in the blood, ulcers, catarrh, and consumption, use
Ayer's Sarsaparilla
The most economical, safe, speedy, and effective of all blood-purifiers.
Has Cured Others will cure you.

Poland and China Pigs FOR SALE.

The undersigned, on the Spangler Farm, 1½ miles east of Decatur, have a fine lot of Thoroughbred POLAND AND CHINA PIGS, male and female, which they will sell at low prices if purchased soon.
Sept 17-w3m BISHOP & RACE.

Attachment Notice.

STATE OF ILLINOIS, } ss
MACON COUNTY.

In the Circuit Court of said County to the September Term, A. D 1891.

Joseph Strong and Anthony G. Blake, doing business under the firm name of Joseph Strong & Co. vs. Theodore A. Stecher—Attachment.

Affidavit of the non-residence of the said defendant having been filed in the office of the Clerk of said Court, therefore notice is hereby given to you, Theodore A Stecher, that Joseph Strong and Anthony G Blake, doing business under the firm name of Joseph Strong & Co, have caused a writ of attachment to be issued out of said court, and levied upon your estate for the sum of thirteen and twenty two one-hundredths dollars, returnable on the fourth Monday of September, which suit is now pending. Now, unless you shall appear in said Court to be held on the 28th day of September, 1891, in the Circuit Court room in the city of Decatur, in said county, and give bail and plead, as required by law, judgment will be entered against you, and the estate so attached will be disposed of as is provided by law.

September 7th, 1891.
E. McCLELLAN, Clerk.
JOHN H. McCOY, Attorney. sep10-w3w

Guardian's Sale.

STATE OF ILLINOIS } ss.
MACON COUNTY,

In the matter of the petition of Harriet J Gault, guardian of Charles W., Lora A., Georgie E. and Sylvia M Gault, to sell the real estate of said wards.

Public notice is hereby given that by virtue of a decretal order of the county court of said county, made on the 14th day of Sept., 1891, said guardian will on

Friday, the 9th day of October, 1891,

offer for sale to the highest and best bidder the following described premises, to wit. Lots twenty-one, twenty-two, twenty-three, twenty-four, twenty-five, twenty-six, twenty-seven and twenty-eight 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27 and 28), all in block two (2), of Walter's addition to the town of Warna, in Macon county, Ill. Place of sale—on said premises Terms of sale—One-third cash, one-third in one year and one-third in two years from date of sale Deferred payments to bear seven per cent interest and to be secured by mortgage on premises sold

HARRIET J GAULT,
s17w3w Guardian as aforesaid.

Administrator's Notice.

Estate of Jacob Rife, Deceased.

The undersigned, having been appointed Administrator of the estate of Jacob Rife, late of the county of Macon and state of Illinois, deceased, hereby gives notice that he will appear before the County Court of Macon county, at the court house in Decatur, at the November term, on the first Monday in November next, at which time all persons having claims against said estate are notified and requested to attend for the purpose of having the same adjusted. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment to the undersigned.

Dated this 12th day of September, 1891.
DANIEL S. WEIGEL,
Administrator with Will Annexed.
sep17-w3w

SCHOOL SCHOOL SCHOOL SHOES

WAGGONER & DOWNING, THE LEADERS,

Have just opened 75 cases of SCHOOL SHOES.

NOW,

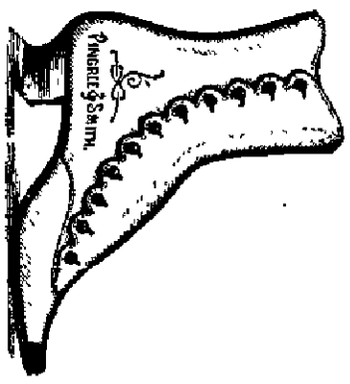
Girls and Boys, we give you a very Handsome and Useful

+SOUVENIR+

when you buy a pair of our SCHOOL SHOES.

We carry all grades, widths and sizes, in spring and heels.

Come and see our Great Line of PINGREE & SMITH'S CELEBRATED SCHOOL SHOES.



SEE Hanan's Men's Fine Shoes

SEE Laird, Schobel & Mitchell's Ladies' Fine Shoes.

SEE Grover's Soft Sole Shoes for Ladies.

SEE All our LATE NOVELTIES.

WAGGONER & DOWNING'S Post Office SHOE STORE

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®